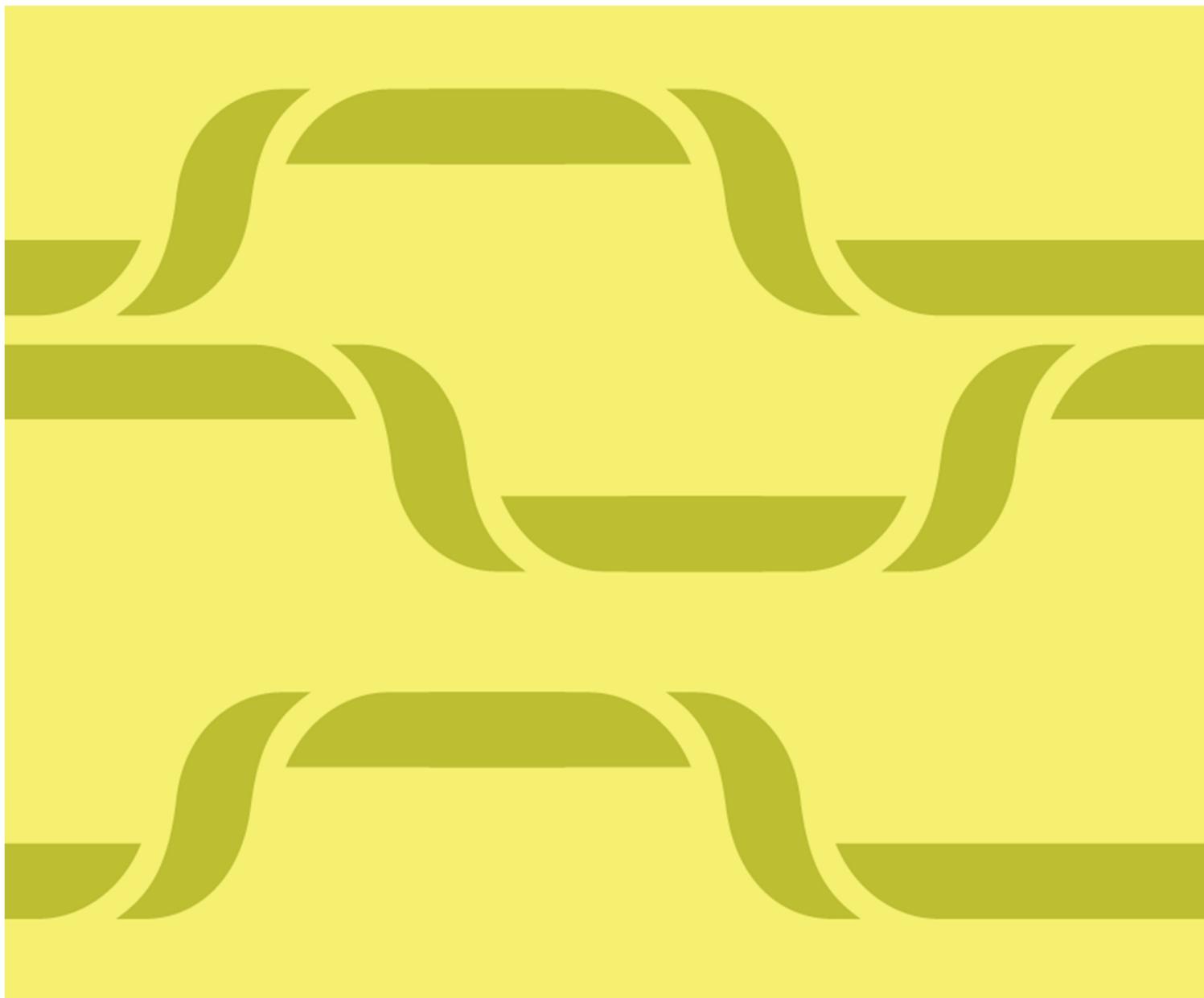


Handledning Svekatalog 2.0



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Versioner

| Version | Date | Author | Organization | Comment |
|---------|------------|-------------------|----------------------------|---|
| 1.00 | 2014-08-25 | Thomas Pettersson | SFTI Tekniska kansli | Adjust "PEPPOL BIS 1A Catalogue v4" to Svekatalog 2.0 |

1 Background

The PEPPOL BIS 1A Catalogue v4 document provides a specification for implementing Catalogue and Catalogue Response messages, which both are mandatory in the “PEPPOL BIS 1A Catalogue Only” profile.

After a round of consultation SFTI Beredningsgrupp concluded that Catalogue Response, as it is specified today, is unsuitable as a mandatory message in Swedish public sector. Therefore, SFTI has asked CEN BII3 and OpenPeppol for a new profile excluding Catalogue Response. Awaiting a new profile, SFTI Beredningsgrupp decided to recommend the Catalogue message as a new version of Svekatalog.

SFTI styrgrupp (steering group) decided February 20th 2014 PEPPOL BIS 1A Catalogue v4 **excluding** Catalogue Response, as Svekatalog 2.0.

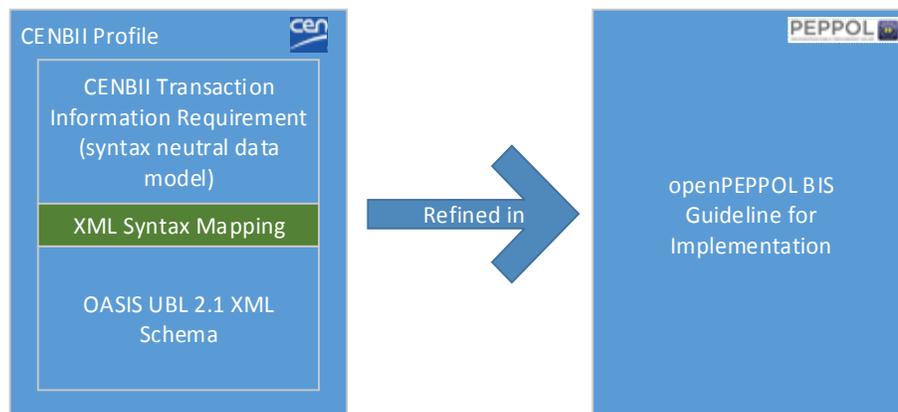
This document provides specification for Svekatalog 2.0. It follows the Catalogue message parts of PEPPOL BIS 1A with minimal adjustments (like ProfileID and CustomizationID).

Parties may bilaterally decide to use this document, but not to be used within the OpenPeppol infrastructure, unless they decide to additionally support the complete PEPPOL BIS 1A profile.

2 Introduction to OpenPEPPOL and BIS

A BIS is a result of work within OpenPEPPOL and is published as part of the PEPPOL specifications.

This document provides a specification for implementing part of a PEPPOL business process (Catalogue but not Catalogue Response). The original PEPPOL BIS document is concerned with clarifying requirements for ensuring interoperability of pan-European Public eProcurement and provides guidelines for supporting these requirements and how to implement them and is based on the CEN WS/BII2 “Profile BII01 Catalogue Only”.



2.1 Audience

The audience for this document is organizations wishing to exchange electronic catalogues, and/or their ICT-suppliers. These organizations may be:

- ▶ Service providers

- ▶ Contracting Authorities
- ▶ Economic Operators
- ▶ Software Developers

More specifically it is addressed towards the following roles:

- ▶ ICT Architects
- ▶ ICT Developers
- ▶ Business Experts

3 References

- [PEPPOL] <http://www.peppol.eu/>
[PEPPOL_EIA] http://www.peppol.eu/peppol_components/peppol-eia/eia
[PEPPOL_PostAward] http://www.peppol.eu/peppol_components/peppol-eia/eia#ict-architecture/post-award-eprocurement/models
[PEPPOL_Transp] http://www.peppol.eu/peppol_components/peppol-eia/eia#ict-architecture/transport-infrastructure/models
- [CEN_BII] <http://www.cen.eu/cwa/bii/specs>
[CEN_BII2] <http://www.cenbii.eu>
[COMMON BIS] To be developed
[BII_Cataloge] ftp://ftp.cen.eu/public/CWAs/BII2/CWA16561/CWA16561-Annex-A-BII-Profile-01-CatalogueOnly-V2_0_0.pdf
[BII_CatalogueModel] A browsable HTML version:
http://spec.cenbii.eu/BII2/fxhtml/Trdm019-Catalogue/g_1.htm?http://spec.cenbii.eu/BII2/fxhtml/Trdm019-Catalogue/g_5.htm
- [UBL] <http://docs.oasis-open.org/ubl/prd3-UBL-2.1/UBL-2.1.html>
[UBL_Catalogue] <http://docs.oasis-open.org/ubl/prd3-UBL-2.1/xsd/maindoc/UBL-Catalogue-2.1.xsd>
- [Schematron] <http://www.schematron.com>
[XSLT] <http://www.w3.org/TR/xslt20/>
- [DIR_2006/112/EC] Council Directive 2006/112/EC of 28 November 2006 on the common system of value added tax, found at:
<http://eurlex.europa.eu/LexUriServ/LexUriServ.do?uri=CELEX:32006L0112:EN:NOT>
- [EIF] European Interoperability Framework 2.0, found at:
http://ec.europa.eu/isa/library/index_en.htm
http://ec.europa.eu/isa/documents/isa_annex_ii_eif_en.pdf
- [GS1 Keys] http://www.gs1.org/barcodes/technical/id_keys

4 Principles and prerequisites

4.1 Business Process in scope

This specification supports a process for suppliers to send a catalogue. It is intended to support transmission of electronic catalogue-messages for processing in semi-automated processes by the receiver. The specification mandates no procurement related data but supports different ways of referring to products and services. By selective use of such references it can be used as basis for automated processing of ordering and invoicing.

The intended scope for the specification is:

- ▶ B2B and B2G
- ▶ Common business processes for cross industry and cross border procurement
- ▶ Regional procurement within EU and EEA
- ▶ For supporting purchase of goods and services and/or services that can be itemized.

This specification supports a set of “common use cases / process”. These are processes that are used widely or understood as being relevant for most companies.

The main activities supported by this specification are:

- ▶ Description of goods and services
- ▶ Maintaining content of framework contract
- ▶ Item comparison
- ▶ Item dependency and composition
- ▶ Description of packaging and storage requirements
- ▶ VAT classification
- ▶ Item instance description
- ▶ Maintenance of catalogue

This specification supports requirements by providing elements for information needed to meet the requirement. This specification also provides a set of business rules to clarify content and implementers can use them as basis for validation where it provides business value.

4.2 Catalogue - Benefits

Catalogues are used as basis for maintenance of information about products and services that are part of a contract, like a framework agreement.

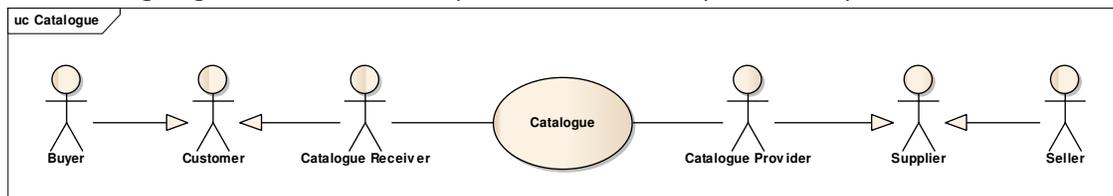
- ▶ The buyer (or a catalogue provider on his behalf) can present the information in a web shop where he can ensure correctness of product description, prices and other terms that may apply.
- ▶ The supplier can provide the customer with correct information at all times and ensure high data quality in orders based on the catalogue he prepares.
- ▶ Implementing the catalogue provides the possibility of designing fully automated purchasing flows in which the electronic documents can be validated and matched automatically, thereby saving resources compared to manual processing.
- ▶ Implementation of a catalogue can be the first step in automating the purchasing process followed by an order and an invoice, leading to entire purchasing process running from sourcing, ordering and invoicing to payment.

This specification is based on the CEN/ISSS WS/BII2 Profile BII01 specification, see [BII_Catalogue], but with the exclusion of Catalogue Response message.

4.3 Parties and roles

| Business partners | Description |
|--------------------|--|
| Customer | The customer is the legal person or organization who is in demand of a product or service. Examples of customer roles: buyer, consignee, debtor, contracting authority. |
| Supplier | The supplier is the legal person or organization who provides a product or service. Examples of supplier roles: seller, consignor, creditor, economic operator. |
| Role/actor | Description |
| Catalogue Provider | Represents a party sending catalogues to receivers, being the supplier or on behalf of the supplier. The Catalogue Provider has to ensure that the latest catalogue is sent to the receiver. |
| Catalogue Receiver | Represents a party receiving catalogues and maintaining or updating them as appropriate. |
| Buyer | The buyer is the legal person or organization acting on behalf of the customer and who buys or purchases the goods or services. |
| Seller | The seller is the legal person or organization acting on behalf of the supplier and who sells goods or services to the customer. |

The following diagram links the business processes to the roles performed by the Business Partners:



5 Business requirements

5.1 Process requirements

| ID | Requirement |
|-----------|---|
| bpr01-071 | The catalogue should be regarded as the Sellers standing offer, and the Seller is thereby obligated to supply the catalogue items according to the terms identified in the catalogue. |
| bpr01-072 | Catalogue transactions are subordinate to the contracts/agreements on which they are based. |
| bpr01-073 | The Seller is obligated to provide catalogue transactions updating items when item attributes change in the targeted catalogue, according to agreements. |
| bpr01-075 | A receiver must implement a transaction if it conforms to an agreement. |
| bpr01-055 | The Catalogue Provider sends a transaction to establish or maintain a catalogue at the Catalogue Receiver side. |
| bpr01-051 | It is the Catalogue Provider's responsibility that data contained in the catalogue transaction is valid from a technical as well as a business point of view, as, it is the task of the Catalogue Provider to gather and to compile the data for the catalogue at the selling side. |
| bpr01-054 | It is the Catalogue Receiver's responsibility to compile received catalogue transactions, if agreed to, into a catalogue, as it is the task of the Catalogue Receiver to incorporate the catalogue data in the procurement systems at the buying side. |

Note. Please note that rejection of a catalogue transaction in this specification is dealt with under a separate process, probably a manual one.

5.2 Information requirements

5.2.1 Catalogue transaction business requirements

5.2.1.1 General

| ID | Requirement |
|-----------|--|
| tbr19-058 | The transaction (catalogue) must contain all information necessary for its application i.e. it shall not rely on the availability of external references such as a centralised repository of item information. To ease the processing of a catalogue as no external data sources are needed. |
| tbr19-059 | It must be possible to check the integrity and authentication of the information content and to audit these aspects of the content. To check that the catalogue is authentic. |

5.2.1.2 Header

| ID | Requirement |
|-----------|---|
| tbr19-071 | A catalogue transaction must contain an identifier for the catalogue it represents or updates |
| tbr19-001 | An indicator for the catalogue revision may be specified. To support updating the catalogue after the first submission a revision indicator is sometimes needed to differentiate the catalogue versions. This indicator ensures the catalogue provider (CP) and catalogue receiver (CR) always refer to the correct and valid version of the catalogue. |
| tbr19-002 | It must be possible to specify a name of the catalogue. Some catalogues have a special name used in the common communication. Sometimes the name refers to a special event the catalogue is created for. |
| tbr19-003 | It must be possible to specify the period of time the catalogue is valid. A catalogue without a stated validity period is assumed to be valid until it is cancelled. Sometimes products are offered only for a certain period of time or the prices for the product are assured to be fixed by the CP only during this period of time. |
| tbr19-006 | It must be possible to specify the contract on which the catalogue is based on. Sometimes a catalogue is provided according to a contract, e.g., a framework agreement (FWA). In such a FWA further requirements on the catalogue may be specified. A catalogue transaction either refers to one contract/agreement or none. |
| tbr19-007 | The party providing the catalogue must be specified. To check, if the catalogue comes from or is sent on behalf of the right CP. The party may be the supplier or a dedicated third party acting on behalf of the supplier. |
| tbr19-010 | The party receiving the catalogue must be specified. To check, if the catalogue sent to the same CR as specified in the catalogue. |
| tbr19-015 | It must be possible to specify who offers the items described in the catalogue and how this party can be contacted (mail, e-mail, phone, etc.). Only one supplier is allowed to be specified. As the catalogue provider can differ from the supplier itself, e.g., the supplier outsourced all catalogue services to a catalogue provider, the supplier has to be specified as well. This party is the actual Economic Operator the Contracting Authority is doing business with. |
| tbr19-062 | A catalogue must have information that makes it possible to reference specific instances of the catalogue. |
| tbr19-066 | The party that sells the products that are listed in the catalogue must be identifiable with information including name, address, identifiers as well as contact information. |
| tbr19-067 | The party that is allowed to buy the products that are listed in the catalogue must be identifiable with information including name and identifiers as well as contact information. |
| tbr19-075 | It must be possible to specify whether a catalogue is new, to be updated or to be replaced. |

5.2.1.3 Item

| ID | Requirement |
|-----------|--|
| tbr19-040 | An item in a Product or Service Catalogue must have a name and be uniquely identifiable by at least one single language-independent token. This includes such id provided by the CP itself as well as a manufacturer's id and an id coming from standard identification schemes. Ensure that the item can be referenced, e.g., in the order. The id can be used in the order, which makes it easier to process the order by the supplier and helps to deliver the correct item that was ordered by the buyer. |
| tbr19-050 | It must be possible to specify how the item has to be processed by the catalogue receiver. This includes the following options: adding the item to the catalogue, replacing an existing item in a catalogue sent before, and deleting an item in a catalogue sent before. If no action is specified it has to be considered as a new item. It is intended to provide a synchronization mechanism between the catalogue of the catalogue provider and the catalogue receiver. |
| tbr19-041 | It must be possible to specify the period of time the item is valid. If no validity period is specified, the item description is valid until it is cancelled. The same as in tbr19-003, but on the item level. This allows to have items with different validity periods in the same catalogue. Otherwise, for every a validity period a separate catalogue would need to be provided. |
| tbr19-018 | It must be possible to refer an item to the corresponding classes from one or more classification systems. Often, the usage of a classification system, e.g., CPV, UNSPSC, eCl@ss, or GS1 GPC, is mandatory or widely used in practice. By this requirement, it should be possible to use any classification systems mandated by Contracting Authorities or legal frameworks. |
| tbr19-019 | It must be possible to specify the (semantic) relationships and cardinalities between different items in the catalogue. In particular, it must be possible to specify part-of relationships and required (additional) items. Some items are not offered by a supplier individually. They are either only useful together with another item or refer in some manner to a specific item. Examples for such items are accessories belonging to and only applicable with another item or replacement items to replace broken components of an item. (In future version of BII other relationships may be added, e.g., replacement items, complementary items, or accessories.) |
| tbr19-042 | It must be possible to specify, if and how an item can be ordered. This includes allowed units of measure, order sizes, minimal and maximal order sizes, etc. Due to restriction from the production process or to simplify or to limit the costs of the ordering and logistics process the order size is restricted. Thus, the buyer needs information to place a correct order that is not denied by the supplier. |
| tbr19-023 | It must be possible to specify how the delivered items will be packaged. To indicate from which number of ordered order units this package unit will be delivered. |
| tbr19-029 | It must be possible to specify hazard indicators for an item by any indicator system. If an item can be a danger to people or the environment, so called hazardous goods, often legal requirements demand that such items have indicators to indicate the danger that come from this item. Furthermore, such items require special handling in the logistics process. |
| tbr19-030 | It must be possible to specify logistic conditions and other needed service information on how the item will be delivered. This includes information on maximum and minimum storage temperature, information needed for cross-border logistics processes. To define the work or services to be done for each package unit along the supply chain. |
| tbr19-033 | It must be possible to specify the manufacturer of the item. In particular, for the case where the supplier is different from the manufacturer of the item. |
| tbr19-034 | It must be possible to specify how the item is priced, and what VAT percentage applies. This includes factors that have influence on the price as well as relationships to other parts of the catalogue that may have impact on the price. The price is not always fixed, but dependent on many factors, e.g., order size, delivery region (down to the city level), allowance, charges, currency, etc. Prices must not be negative. |
| tbr19-046 | The price specification must allow to compare the prices of different items within the catalogue as well as across catalogues. To allow the comparison of the price of different items. Helps the buyer to |

| ID | Requirement |
|-----------|--|
| | make the buying decision. |
| tbr19-048 | It must be possible to specify the period of time an item price is valid. If no validity period is specified, the price is valid until cancelled. The same as in tbr19-003, but on the item level. This allows to have items with different validity periods in the same catalogue. This does not mean, that the item will expire. It only means, that after this period the item has to be ordered for a different price. |
| tbr19-049 | It must be possible to specify a delivery location on line level, with address, city, post code, etc., so that all details on each line are dependent on this location, including price, tax and other specifications. Needed to support the buying decision, to see how much has to be paid in the end. |
| tbr19-035 | It must be possible to provide information on the product marking, e.g., to indicate that environmental or social requirements on the item production were followed. Procurement managers need information about environmental marking applicable for a given item in order to ensure that environmental, ecological, food safety and basic human rights aspects were respected. On the other side, sales managers wish to provide this kind of information, e.g., for marketing purposes. |
| tbr19-043 | It must be possible to specify if and when an item becomes obsolete. This allows the suppliers to indicate that an item is not produced and delivered any more or until a certain point in time. By giving this information, it is prevented that the buyer orders items that will not be delivered any more. This requirement has a different meaning than tbr19-048. Tbr19-048 concerns the validity of the price. In tbr19-043 the "validity" refers on the item, i.e., product or service, when it will not be available. This means, the item itself will not be available and delivered by the supplier any more (to any condition). |
| tbr19-044 | It must be possible to specify a description of the item or where such a description can be found. To provide a written text describing the item. May be helpful for the buyer to order the items fitting his needs best. |
| tbr19-045 | It must be possible to specify keywords for an item. To support searching for an item by the buyer, so that the item can be found easier and faster that fits his needs best. |
| tbr19-047 | It must be possible to specify warranty information for the item. Sometimes suppliers offer specific warranties for their items that may be important for the buyer. Providing such information supports the buying decision. |
| tbr19-063 | A catalogue must have information that makes it possible to reference individual catalogue lines. |
| tbr19-064 | A catalogue line must provide for an indicator that clearly states whether the line item can be ordered according to the information given in the line. |
| tbr19-065 | A catalogue line must provide for additional information about items in the form of attachments and external references. |
| tbr19-068 | It must be possible to specify a manufacturing date, a best before date and an expiry date (last date when product may be used or consumed) for an item. |
| tbr19-069 | It must be possible to specify serial numbers, batch numbers and lot numbers for an item. |
| tbr19-070 | It must be possible to include or reference (e.g. by means of a URI) the main image for an item. |
| tbr19-072 | In addition to part-of relationships and required (additional) items there is also a need to identify replaced item. In cases where an old item is replaced by a new one this is frequently reflected in the catalogue by deleting the old item and adding the new item. The new item should then have a reference to the old (replaced) item. |
| tbr19-073 | Products are frequently sold with optional accessories. In addition to part-of relationships and required (additional) items there is also a need to identify these optional accessories in the catalogue. |
| tbr19-076 | It must be possible to state the country of origin for an item. |
| tbr19-077 | It must be possible to indicate that the item is part of a contractual arrangement. |

5.2.1.4 Item Property

| ID | Requirement |
|-----------|---|
| tbr19-038 | It must be possible to specify any additional properties of the item not covered by the message itself. Allows to enhance the description of the item and helps this way, inter alia, the buyer to order the item that fits his needs best. |
| tbr19-037 | It must be possible to refer an item property to any property from a product/service classification system, using standardized and predefined properties from accepted standards. Such predefined properties help to improve the description of an offered item, and thus helps the buyer to order the correct item, the item that fits his needs best. |
| tbr19-039 | If an item property is specified, a specific value has to be specified for this item property. The specified value has to hold true for the corresponding item. The specification of a concrete value helps to ensure that the buyer orders the item that fits his needs best. |

5.3 Specific OpenPEPPOL requirements

| ID: | Business term: | Description: |
|------------|--|---|
| | HEADER LEVEL: | |
| OP-T19-019 | General payment condition | A Catalogue must support the use of general payment condition. |
| OP-T19-021 | Buyers contact person ID | A catalogue must support the use of ID for buyers contact person. Normally used for "Your reference". |
| OP-T19-028 | Party legal entity for provider | A catalogue must support the use of party legal entity for provider. Used to specify the legal entity of the provider. |
| OP-T19-029 | Postal address for provider | In order to specify exactly who is the provider, the postal address for provider party must be supported in a catalogue |
| OP-T19-030 | Party legal entity for receiver | A catalogue must support the use of party legal entity for receiver. Used to specify the legal entity of the receiver. |
| OP-T19-031 | Postal address for receiver | In order to specify exactly who is the receiver, the postal address for receiver party must be supported in a catalogue |
| OP-T19-032 | Issue date for referenced contract | A catalogue must support the use of issuedate for the referenced contract. |
| | LINE LEVEL: | |
| OP-T19-014 | Maximum storage humidity | A catalogue must support the use of maximum storage humidity. |
| OP-T19-015 | Minimum storage humidity | A catalogue must support the use of minimum storage humidity |
| OP-T19-016 | Package volume | A catalogue must support the use of package volume |
| OP-T19-017 | Package net weight exact | A catalogue must support the use of exact net weight for package |
| OP-T19-037 | Package net weight approximately | A catalogue must support the use of approximately net weight for package |
| OP-T19-038 | Dimension description | A catalogue must support the use of description for dimension. Used for differentiating dimensions with same attributeID. |
| OP-T19-018 | Brand Name | A catalogue must support the use of brand name for an item |
| OP-T19-020 | Minimum quantity guaranteed for delivery | A catalogue must support the use of minimum quantity of an item guaranteed in a delivery |

| ID: | Business term: | Description: |
|------------|----------------------------------|--|
| OP-T19-022 | @name for ItemClassificationCode | A catalogue must support the name of the Item classification code |
| OP-T19-024 | Base Quantity | A catalogue must support base quantity for the stated price |
| OP-T19-035 | Orderable Unit Factor Rate | A catalogue must support the use of the factor used to convert Base Quantity into Orderable Unit |
| OP-T19-027 | Transaction conditions | A catalogue must support the use of transaction conditions |
| OP-T19-036 | Contract subdivision | A catalogue must support the use of contract subdivision. Used to reference a subsection of a contract |
| OP-T19-025 | Quantity threshold | A catalogue must support the use of threshold for quantity. Used to indicate the threshold quantity for the given price. |
| OP-T19-026 | Quantity ceiling | A catalogue must support the use of quantity ceiling. Used to indicate maximum quantity for given price. |

6 Code lists

6.1 Code lists for coded elements

Table of the code lists used in the Catalogue transaction:

| Business Term | Source | Subset | Xpath | listID |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------|------------------------------------|---|
| Action Code on Line level | CEN BII2 | | cac:CatalogueLine/cbc:ActionCode | ACTIONCODE:BII2 |
| Action Code on Header Level | PEPPOL | | /Catalogue/cbc:ActionCode | ACTIONCODE:PEPPOL Values Add – Used when a catalogue is sent for the first time to the Catalogue Receiver. Replace – Replaces the entire catalogue referring to the contract. Update – Updates a current catalogue. Delete – Deletes a current catalogue. |
| Country Code | ISO 3166-1 alpha2 | | cac:Country/cbc:IdentificationCode | ISO3166-1:Alpha2 |
| Unit Of Measure | UN/ECE Rec 20 | | @unitCode cbc:OrderableUnit | UNECERec20 Note: Use this list identifier in the attribute unitCodeListID |
| Package Level Code | GS1 7009 | PEPPOL | cbc:PackageLevelCode | GS17009:PEPPOL Values CU – Base Unit level DU – Pallet level TU – Case level HN – Handling Unit |
| UNDG Code | UN EDIFACT 8273 | | cbc:UNDGCode | UNCL8273 |
| Transport Handling Unit Type Code | UN/ECE Rec 21 | | cbc:TransportHandlingUnitTypeCode | UNECERec21 |
| Currency Code | ISO 4217 | | @currencyID | ISO4217 Note: Do not validate list identifier. |

6.1.1 Code lists

CEN BII2 subsets

ftp://ftp.cen.eu/public/CWAs/BII2/CWA16558/CWA16558-Annex-G-BII-CodeLists-V2_0_4.pdf

ISO 3166-1 alpha2:

http://www.iso.org/iso/home/standards/country_codes.htm

UN/ECE Rec 20:

http://www.unece.org/cefact/recommendations/rec20/rec20_rev4E_2006.xls

UNEDIFACT 8273

<http://www.unece.org/trade/unttdid/d08a/tred/tred8273.htm>

ISO 4217

http://www.currency-iso.org/dam/downloads/dl_iso_table_a1.xml

UN/EDIFACT 6313

<http://www.unece.org/fileadmin/DAM/trade/edifact/code/6313cl.htm>

6.1.2 Code lists for identifier schemes

The table of the code lists below describes constraints for the values of schemeID for identifiers in the Catalogue transaction. schemeID indicates what type of identifier is used (for example the type of numbering system) **(Mandatory)**

| Business Term | Allowed SchemeID | Applicable Xpath | Note |
|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| Party Identifier | See "PEPPOL Policy for using Identifiers" | cbc:EndpointID/@schemeID cac:PartyIdentification/cbc:ID/@schemeID | Check allowed scheme identifiers |
| Attribute Identifier | UNCL6313 | cbc:AttributeID | Check the scheme identifier is UNCL6313 and the attribute identifiers belong to the list. |
| Tax Category Identifier | Use UNECE5305 CEN BII2 subset. | cac:ClassifiedTaxCategory/cbc:ID | Note: Validate the ID with the code list provided by CEN BII2. SchemeID attribute must be UNCL5305 |

7 Business Rules

7.1 Catalogue business rules

| Rule ID | Rule | error level |
|----------------|---|-------------|
| BII2-T19-R001 | A catalogue MUST have a customization identifier | fatal |
| BII2-T19-R002 | A catalogue MUST have a profile identifier | fatal |
| BII2-T19-R003 | A catalogue MUST contain the date of issue | fatal |
| BII2-T19-R004 | A catalogue MUST contain the catalogue document identifier | fatal |
| BII2-T19-R006 | A validity period end date MUST be later or equal to a validity period start date if both validity period end date and validity period start date are present | fatal |
| BII2-T19-R007 | The party providing the catalogue MUST be specified | fatal |
| BII2-T19-R008 | The party receiving the catalogue MUST be specified | fatal |
| BII2-T19-R009 | A catalogue MUST have maximum one catalogue supplier | fatal |
| BII2-T19-R010 | A catalogue provider MUST contain the full name or an identifier | fatal |
| BII2-T19-R011 | A catalogue receiver MUST contain the full name or an identifier | fatal |
| BII2-T19-R012 | A catalogue supplier MUST contain the full name or an identifier | fatal |
| BII2-T19-R013 | A catalogue customer MUST contain the full name or an identifier | fatal |
| BII2-T19-R015 | Prices of items MUST not be negative | fatal |
| BII2-T19-R017 | Catalogue line validity period MUST be within the range of the whole catalogue validity period | warning |
| BII2-T19-R018 | Price validity period MUST be within the range of the whole catalogue line validity period | warning |
| BII2-T19-R019 | An item in a catalogue line SHOULD have a name | warning |
| BII2-T19-R020 | An item in a catalogue line MUST be uniquely identifiable by at least one of the following: - Catalogue Provider identifier - Standard identifier | fatal |
| BII2-T19-R021 | Standard Identifiers SHOULD contain the Schema Identifier (e.g. GTIN) | warning |
| BII2-T19-R022 | Classification codes SHOULD contain the Classification scheme Identifier (e.g. CPV or UNSPSC) | warning |
| BII2-T19-R023 | A catalogue MUST have at least one catalogue line | fatal |
| BII2-T19-R024 | A catalogue line MUST contain a unique line identifier | fatal |
| BII2-T19-R026 | Orderable quantities MUST be greater than zero | fatal |
| BII2-T19-R027 | An item property data name MUST specify a data value | fatal |
| BII2-T19-R029 | Maximum quantity MUST be greater than zero | warning |
| BII2-T19-R030 | Minimum quantity MUST be greater than zero | warning |
| BII2-T19-R031 | Maximum quantity MUST be greater or equal to the Minimum quantity | warning |
| EUGEN-T19-R043 | An endpoint identifier MUST have a scheme identifier attribute | fatal |
| EUGEN-T19-R044 | A party identifier MUST have a scheme identifier attribute | fatal |

| Rule ID | Rule | error level |
|----------------|--|-------------|
| EUGEN-T19-R045 | A catalogue line action code MUST have a list identifier attribute "ACTIONCODE:BI12" | fatal |
| EUGEN-T19-R046 | A catalogue header action code MUST have a list identifier attribute "ACTIONCODE:PEPPOL" | fatal |
| EUGEN-T19-R047 | A country identification code MUST have a list identifier attribute "ISO3166-1:Alpha2" | fatal |
| EUGEN-T19-R048 | A unit code attribute MUST have a unit code list identifier attribute "UNECERec20" | fatal |
| EUGEN-T19-R049 | A classified tax category identifier MUST have a scheme identifier attribute "UNCL5305" | fatal |
| EUGEN-T19-R050 | A package level code MUST have a list identifier attribute "GS17009:PEPPOL" | fatal |
| EUGEN-T19-R051 | A UNDG code MUST have a list identifier attribute "UNCL8273" | fatal |
| EUGEN-T19-R053 | An attribute identifier MUST have an scheme identifier "UNCL6313" | fatal |

7.2 Code lists business rules

| Rule ID | Rule | Error level |
|------------|---|-------------|
| CL-T19-001 | The action code for a catalogue line MUST be Add, Update or Delete if present | fatal |
| CL-T19-002 | For Mime code in attribute use MIME Media Type | fatal |
| CL-T19-004 | Tax categories MUST be coded using UN/ECE 5305 code list | fatal |
| OP-T19-001 | Country codes in a catalogue MUST be coded using ISO code list 3166-1 alpha2 | fatal |
| OP-T19-002 | Unit code MUST be coded according to the UN/ECE Recommendation 20 | fatal |
| OP-T19-003 | UNDG MUST be coded according to the UN EDIFACT 8273 code list | fatal |
| OP-T19-005 | An Endpoint Identifier Scheme MUST be from the list of PEPPOL Party Identifiers. | fatal |
| OP-T19-006 | An Party Identifier Scheme MUST be from the list of PEPPOL Party Identifiers | fatal |
| OP-T19-007 | An action code at header level MUST be from the PEPPOL action code list. | fatal |
| OP-T19-008 | A package level code MUST be from the PEPPOL subset of GS1 7009 code list. | fatal |
| OP-T19-009 | An attribute identifier MUST be from the UN EDIFACT 6313 code list. | fatal |
| OP-T19-010 | Orderable unit code MUST be coded according to the UN/ECE Recommendation 20 | fatal |
| OP-T19-011 | Currency ID MUST be coded using ISO code list 4217 | fatal |
| OP-T19-012 | languageID MUST be coded using ISO code list 639-1 | fatal |
| OP-T19-013 | A Party Company Identifier Scheme MUST be from the list of PEPPOL Party Identifiers | fatal |

8 Differences between this specification and BII2 and Svekatalog 1

8.1 Features added as extensions or changes to BII2

Restrictions made in form of new business rules are not listed in this section, for these we refer to chapter 7 and the Conformance statement document. Descriptions of the new requirements are found in chapter 5.3.

| Business term | Svekatalog 1->2 | Requested by | UBL binding |
|--|-----------------|--------------|--|
| Contracted item indicator | In Svekatalog 1 | Sweden | Catalogue/cac:CatalogueLine/cac:Item/cac:TransactionConditions/ cbc:ActionCode. ActionCode="CT" Contracted item indicator |
| Contract subdivision | New | Denmark | Used to reference subsection of contract Catalogue/cac:CatalogueLine/cbc:ContractSubdivision |
| External item specifications type | New | Norway | Catalogue/cac:CatalogueLine/cac:Item/cac:ItemSpecificationDocumentReference/cbc :DocumentTypeCode. Changed from cbc:DocumentDescription in BII. |
| Maximum storage humidity | In Svekatalog 1 | Sweden | Catalogue/cac:CatalogueLine/cac:Item/cac:Dimension/cbc:MaximumMeasure. |
| Minimum storage humidity | In Svekatalog 1 | Sweden | Catalogue/cac:CatalogueLine/cac:Item/cac:Dimension/cbc:MinimumMeasure. |
| Package volume | In Svekatalog 1 | Sweden | Catalogue/cac:CatalogueLine/cac:Item/cac:Dimension/cbc:Measure AttributeID=ABJ |
| Package net weight exact | In Svekatalog 1 | Sweden | Catalogue/cac:CatalogueLine/cac:Item/cac:Dimension/cbc:Measure AttributeID=AAF |
| Package net weight approximately | In Svekatalog 1 | Sweden | Catalogue/cac:CatalogueLine/cac:Item/cac:Dimension/cbc:Measure AttributeID=AAL |
| Dimension description | In Svekatalog 1 | Sweden | Catalogue/cac:CatalogueLine/cac:Item/cac:Dimension/cbc:Description |
| Brand Name | In Svekatalog 1 | Sweden | Catalogue/cac:CatalogueLine/cac:Item/cbc:BrandName |
| General payment condition | New | Italy | Catalogue cac:TradingTerms/cbc:Information |
| Minimum quantity guaranteed for delivery | New | Italy | Catalogue/cac:CatalogueLine/cac:Itemcac:AdditionalItemProperty/ cbc:ValueQuantity |
| Contact Person ID | New | Norway | Catalogue/cac:ContractorCustomerParty/cac:Party/cac:Contact/cbc:ID |
| @name for ItemClassificationCode | In Svekatalog 1 | Sweden | Catalogue/cac:CatalogueLine/cac:Item/cac:CommodityClassification/ cbc:ItemClassificationCode/@name |
| Base Quantity | In Svekatalog 1 | Sweden | Catalogue/cac:CatalogueLine/cac:RequiredItemLocationQuantity/cbc:BaseQuantity |
| Orderable Unit Factor Rate | New | Denmark | Catalogue/cac:CatalogueLine/cac:RequiredItemLocationQuantity/ cac:Price/cbc:OrderableUnitFactorRate. Factor to convert Base Quantity to an Orderable Unit. |
| Quantity threshold | In Svekatalog 1 | Sweden | Catalogue/cac:CatalogueLine/cac:RequiredItemLocationQuantity/cbc:MinimumQuantity |
| Quantity ceiling | In Svekatalog 1 | Sweden | Catalogue/cac:CatalogueLine/cac:RequiredItemLocationQuantity/cbc:MaximumQuantity |
| Transaction conditions | In Svekatalog 1 | Sweden | Catalogue/cac:CatalogueLine/cac:Item/cac:TransactionConditions/ cbc:ID and cbc:ActionCode ActionCode="VQ": Variable measure indicator ActionCode="RC": Returnable unit, indicator ActionCode="SER": Trade item is a service ActionCode="MTO": Trade item is produced after it has been ordered |
| Party Legal Entity for provider | New | Denmark | Catalogue/cac:ProviderParty/cac:PartyLegalEntity |
| Postal Address for Provider | New | Denmark | Catalogue/cac:ProviderParty/cac:PostalAddress |
| Party Legal Entity for Receiver | New | Denmark | Catalogue/cac:ReceiverParty/cac:PartyLegalEntity |
| Postal address for Receiver | New | Denmark | Catalogue/cac:ReceiverParty/cac:PostalAddress |

| Business term | Svekatalog 1->2 | Requested by | UBL binding |
|--|---------------------|--------------|---|
| Issue date for referenced contract | New | Denmark | Catalogue/cac:ReferencedContract/cbc:IssueDate |
| Issuer Party name for certificate | New | Common | Catalogue/cac:CatalogueLine/cac:Item/cac:Certificate/cac:IssuerParty/ cac:PartyName. Composite element IssuerParty is mandatory in UBL. |
| DocumentTypeCode for certificate | New | Common | Catalogue/cac:CatalogueLine/cac:Item/cac:Certificate/ cbc:CertificateTypeCode. Certificate Type Code is mandatory in UBL. |
| Consumable Unit Quantity | New | Common | Changed UBL binding to: Catalogue/cac:CatalogueLine/cac:CatalogueItem/cbc:PackingSizeN umeric |
| Validity period for Price | In Svekatalog 1 | Sweden | Changed UBL binding to: Catalogue/cac:CatalogueLine/cac:RequiredItemLocationQuantit y/ cac:Price/cac:ValidityPeriod |
| Item Net quantity | New | Common | Changed UBL binding to: Catalogue/cac:CatalogueLine/cbc:ContentUnitQuantity |
| ExtendedID | Not in Svekatalog 1 | Common | Removed element Catalogue/cac:CatalogueLine/cac:Item/ cac:SellersItemIdentification/cbc:ExtendedID to be in compliance with other BIS documents. |
| Catalogue name | New | | Catalogue/cbc:Name |
| Catalogue version | New | | Catalogue/cbc:VersionID |
| Contract Issue date | New | | Catalogue/cac:ReferencedContract/cbc:IssueDate |
| Provider Party Electronic address ID | New | | Catalogue/cac:ProviderParty/cbc:EndpointID |
| Provider Party Postal Address | New | | Catalogue/cac:ProviderParty/ cbc:StreetName cbc:AdditionalStreetName cbc:CityName cbc:PostalZone cbc:CountrySubentity cac:Country cbc:IdentificationCode |
| Provider legal registration Provider legal registration name Provider legal registration identifier Provider legal registration city Provider legal registration country | New | | Catalogue/cac:ProviderParty/ cac:PartyLegalEntity/ cbc:RegistrationName cbc:CompanyID cac:RegistrationAddress cbc:CityName cac:Country cbc:IdentificationCode |
| Receiver Party Electronic address ID | New | | Catalogue/cac:ReceiverParty/cbc:EndpointID |
| Receiver Party Postal Address | New | | Catalogue/cac: ReceiverParty/cac:PostalAddress/ cbc:StreetName cbc:AdditionalStreetName cbc:CityName cbc:PostalZone cbc:CountrySubentity cac:Country/ cbc:IdentificationCode |
| Receiver legal registration Receiver legal registration name Receiver legal registration identifier Receiver legal registration city Receiver legal registration country | New | | Catalogue/cac: ReceiverParty/ cac:PartyLegalEntity/ cbc:RegistrationName cbc:CompanyID cac:RegistrationAddress cbc:CityName cac:Country/ cbc:IdentificationCode |
| Seller Supplier Party | New | | |

| Business term | Svekatalog 1->2 | Requested by | UBL binding |
|---|---------------------|--------------|---|
| Seller Supplier Party Electronic address ID | New | | Catalogue/cac: SellerSupplierParty /cac:Party/cbc:EndpointID |
| Seller Supplier Party Party identifier | New | | Catalogue/cac: SellerSupplierParty /cac:Party/cac:PartyIdentification/cbc:ID |
| Seller Supplier Party Party name | New | | Catalogue/cac: SellerSupplierParty /cac:Party/cac:PartyName/cbc:Name |
| Seller Supplier Party Postal Address | New | | Catalogue/cac: SellerSupplierParty/cac:PostalAddress/cbc:StreetName cbc:AdditionalStreetName cbc:CityName cbc:PostalZone cbc:CountrySubentity cac:Country/cbc:IdentificationCode |
| Seller Supplier Party Contact Contact person name Contact telephone number Contact fax number Contact email address | New | | Catalogue/cac: SellerSupplierParty/cac:Contact/cbc:Name cbc:Telephone cbc:Telefax cbc:ElectronicMail |
| Contractor Customer Party | New | | |
| Contractor Customer Party Electronic address ID | New | | Catalogue/cac: ContractorCustomerParty /cac:Party/cbc:EndpointID |
| Contractor Customer Party Party identifier | New | | Catalogue/cac: ContractorCustomerParty/cac:Party/cac:PartyIdentification/cbc:ID |
| Contractor Customer Party Party name | New | | Catalogue/cac: ContractorCustomerParty/cac:Party/cac:PartyName/ cbc:Name |
| Seller Supplier Party Postal Address | New | | Catalogue/cac: ContractorCustomerParty/cac:PostalAddress/cbc:StreetName cbc:AdditionalStreetName cbc:CityName cbc:PostalZone cbc:CountrySubentity cac:Country/cbc:IdentificationCode |
| Contractor Customer Party Contact Contact ID Contact person name Contact telephone number Contact fax number Contact email address | New | | Catalogue/cac: ContractorCustomerParty/cac:Contact/cbc:ID cbc:Name cbc:Telephone cbc:Telefax cbc:ElectronicMail |
| General payment conditions | New | | Catalogue/cac:TradingTerms/cbc:Information |
| Orderable unit | New place for T0137 | | Catalogue/cac:CatalogueLine/cbc:OrderableUnit |
| OBS Inte helt klar. | | | |

8.2 Features changed between Svekatalog 1 and Svekatalog 2.

Restrictions made in form of new business rules are not listed in this section, for these we refer to chapter 7 and the Conformance statement document. Descriptions of the new requirements are found in chapter 5.3.

| Business term | Requested by | UBL binding |
|---------------------------|--------------|--|
| Contracted item indicator | Sweden | Catalogue/cac:CatalogueLine/cac:Item/cac:TransactionConditions/ cbc:ActionCode. ActionCode="CT" Contracted item indicator |

9 Process and typical scenarios

9.1 Use case 1 – New Catalogue

This use case includes a simple catalogue containing mandatory information and information required to get a high performance from the buyers search engine. The catalogue contains both products and services. This is the first catalogue to the receiver.

| | |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Use Case No | 1 |
| Use Case Name | A new catalogue from the Seller. |
| Use Case Description | The provider sends a catalogue to the receiver. The catalogue contains the articles that the buyer and seller have agreed on in a contract. This is the first catalogue being sent on this contract. |
| Parties involved | Catalogue Provider (same legal entity as the Supplier/Seller in this use case) Catalogue Receiver (same legal entity as the Customer/Buyer in this use case) |
| Assumptions | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The Seller and the Buyer have a contract of products and services that the buyer may purchase from the Seller. 2. The parties have agreed to exchange the catalogue message 3. The articles are <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Physical articles (pens and papers) b. Fruits c. Services |
| The flow | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The Seller identifies the contracted items 2. The Provider creates a Catalogue message 3. The Provider sends the message to the Receiver 4. The Buyer verifies the content in the message consider to accept or reject the catalogue. 5. Assuming that the Catalogue is accepted, the Buyer inserts the articles from the catalogue message in the local ERP-system. |
| Result | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The Buyer have all the articles and the contracted prices in the ERP-system and may start ordering 2. The ordering process is easy when you have all necessary information in the ERP-system. <i>Please note that the ordering process is not part of this specification. For ordering, please see Sveorder BIS 28A.</i> |
| XML example file | See Annex A for sample Catalogue file illustrating Use Case 1. |

9.2 Use case 2 – Catalogue update and rejection

This is an **Update** of the catalogue based on Use case 1.

| | |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Use Case No | 2 |
| Use Case Name | Catalogues update from the provider and reject from the receiver. |
| Use Case Description | The provider sends a catalogue update to the receiver. The catalogue contains changes in the previous catalogue. After receiving the catalogue, the buyer rejects the catalogue by contacting the supplier. |
| Parties involved | Catalogue Provider (same legal entity as the Supplier/Seller in this use case) Catalogue Receiver (same legal entity as the Customer/Buyer in this use case) |
| Assumptions | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The Seller has previously sent a catalogue to the Buyer. |

| | |
|-------------------------|--|
| | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 2. The Seller wants to update the catalogue <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. One article is updated (GTIN is added) b. One new article is added c. One article is deleted |
| The flow | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The Seller identifies the items to be in the Catalogue update 2. The Provider creates a Catalogue message 3. The Provider sends the message to the Receiver 4. The Buyer verifies the content in the message and considers to accept or reject the catalogue. 5. In this Use case the Buyer has reason to reject the catalogue. The Buyer initiates a dialogue to resolve the matter, but the process to be used falls outside of the scope of this document. |
| Result | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The Buyer did not insert the changes in the ERP-system 2. The Seller needs to correct the information in his ERP-system. |
| XML example file | See Annex A for sample Catalogue file illustrating Use Case 2. |

9.3 Use case 3 – Replace of catalogue

This is a **Replace** of the catalogue based on Use case 1 and 2.

| | |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Use Case No | 3 |
| Use Case Name | Catalogues replace. |
| Use Case Description | The provider sends a catalogue replace to the receiver. The catalogue contains all the contracted items and replaces the previous accepted catalogue. |
| Parties involved | Catalogue Provider (same legal entity as the Supplier/Seller in this use case) Catalogue Receiver (same legal entity as the Customer/Buyer in this use case) |
| Assumptions | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The Seller has previously sent a new catalogue to the Buyer which has been accepted. 2. The Seller has sent an update of the catalogue which was rejected via a non-structured e-mail by the buyer 3. The Seller sends a replace catalogue <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. All articles that the supplier has identified in the contract, including the new one in the rejected catalogue. b. One article from the previous accepted catalogue is not in this catalogue. c. Three more new articles are added. Shampoo presented in a hierarchy. |
| The flow | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The Seller identifies the items to be in the Catalogue replace 2. The Provider creates a Catalogue message 3. The Provider sends the message to the Receiver 4. The Buyer verifies the content in the message and accepts the catalogue (no message is sent). |
| Result | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The Buyer has all the articles and the contracted prices in the ERP-system and may start ordering 2. The ordering process is easy when you have all necessary information in the ERP-system. <i>Please note that the ordering process is not part of this specification. For ordering, please see Sveorder BIS 2&A.</i> |
| XML example file | See Annex A for sample Catalogue file illustrating Use Case 3. |

9.4 Use case 4 – Catalogue deletion

This is a **Deletion** of the catalogue based on Use case 3.

| | |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Use Case No | 4 |
| Use Case Name | Catalogue deletion. |
| Use Case Description | The provider sends a catalogue deletion to the receiver. The catalogue deletes the previous catalogue. |
| Parties involved | Catalogue Provider (same legal entity as the Supplier/Seller in this use case) Catalogue Receiver (same legal entity as the Customer/Buyer in this use case) |
| Assumptions | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The Seller has previously sent a catalogue to the Buyer. 2. The Seller and the Buyer have ended their contract |
| The flow | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The Seller identifies the current active catalogue to be deleted 2. The Provider creates a Catalogue message 3. The Provider sends the message to the Receiver 4. The Buyer verifies the content in the message. 5. The Buyer, in his ERP system, deactivates the items identified in the catalogue message. |
| Result | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The Buyer can no longer make an order to the supplier from this catalogue. |
| XML example file | See Annex A for sample Catalogue file illustrating Use Case 4. |

9.5 Use case 5 – Catalogue with all possible information and positive response

This is an Update of a previous sent catalogue and not based on any of the other uses cases. The catalogue includes all possible information in a catalogue using this specification. Some information may not be relevant, but is in the catalogue for giving an example.

| | |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Use Case No | 5 |
| Use Case Name | Catalogue with all information. |
| Use Case Description | The provider sends a catalogue update to the receiver. |
| Parties involved | Catalogue Provider Supplier/Seller Catalogue Receiver Customer/Buyer |
| Assumptions | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The Seller has previously sent a catalogue to the Buyer. 2. The Seller needs to send a new article to update the previous catalogue. |
| The flow | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The Seller identifies the article to be added 2. The Provider creates a Catalogue message 3. The Provider sends the message to the Receiver 4. The Buyer verifies the content in the message and considers the catalogue acceptable. 5. The Buyer inserts/updates the information from the catalogue message in the local ERP-system. |
| Result | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The Buyer have the articles and the contracted prices in the ERP-system and may start ordering <p><i>Please note that the ordering process is not part of this Specification. For ordering, please see Sveorder BIS 28A.</i></p> |
| XML example file | See Annex A for sample Catalogue file illustrating Use Case 5. |

10 Description of selected parts of the catalogue message

10.1 Parties

The following parties/roles may be specified in the message:

10.1.1 Catalogue Provider (ProviderParty)

The party that is responsible for the preparation and transfer of the Catalogue to the Catalogue receiver. Can be the Supplier itself or a third party providing this service.

Example:

```
<cac:ProviderParty>
  <cbc:EndpointID schemeID="GLN">5790000436125</cbc:EndpointID>
  <cac:PartyIdentification>
    <cbc:ID schemeID="NO:ORGNR">968993038</cbc:ID>
  </cac:PartyIdentification>
  <cac:PartyName>
    <cbc:Name>Office AS</cbc:Name>
  </cac:PartyName>
</cac:ProviderParty>
```

10.1.2 Catalogue Receiver (ReceiverParty)

The party that is responsible for the reception and control of the Catalogue. Can be the Customer itself or a third party providing this service to the Customer.

Example:

```
<cac:ReceiverParty>
  <cbc:EndpointID schemeID="NO:ORGNR">991825827</cbc:EndpointID>
  <cac:PartyIdentification>
    <cbc:ID schemeID="NO:ORGNR">991825827</cbc:ID>
  </cac:PartyIdentification>
  <cac:PartyName>
    <cbc:Name>DIFI</cbc:Name>
  </cac:PartyName>
</cac:ReceiverParty>
```

10.1.3 Supplier (SellerSupplierParty)

The party that is responsible for the delivery of products or services specified in the Catalogue.

Example:

```
<cac:SellerSupplierParty>
  <cac:Party>
    <cac:PartyName>
      <cbc:Name>Office AS</cbc:Name>
    </cac:PartyName>
    <cac:PostalAddress>
      <cbc:StreetName>Office street 12</cbc:StreetName>
      <cbc:CityName>oslo</cbc:CityName>
      <cbc:PostalZone>1163</cbc:PostalZone>
      <cbc:CountrySubentity>Oslo</cbc:CountrySubentity>
      <cac:Country>
        <cbc:IdentificationCode listID="ISO3166-1:Alpha2">NO
        </cbc:IdentificationCode>
      </cac:Country>
    </cac:PostalAddress>
    <cac:Contact>
      <cbc:ElectronicMail>kontor@online.no</cbc:ElectronicMail>
    </cac:Contact>
```

```

</cac:Party>
</cac:SellerSupplierParty>

```

10.1.4 Buyer (ContractorCustomerParty)

The party buying products or services from the Catalogue.

Example:

```

<cac:ContractorCustomerParty>
  <cac:Party>
    <cbc:EndpointID/>
    <cac:PartyIdentification>
      <cbc:ID schemeID="DK:CVR">DK16356706</cbc:ID>
    </cac:PartyIdentification>
    <cac:PartyName>
      <cbc:Name>DIGST</cbc:Name>
    </cac:PartyName>
    <cac:Contact>
      <cbc:ElectronicMail>postmottak@digst.dk</cbc:ElectronicMail>
    </cac:Contact>
  </cac:Party>
</cac:ContractorCustomerParty>

```

10.1.5 Manufacturer (ManufacturerParty)

The name of the Manufacturer.

Example:

```

<cac:ManufacturerParty>
  <cac:PartyName>
    <cbc:Name>FICTIVE INDUSTRY INC</cbc:Name>
  </cac:PartyName>
</cac:ManufacturerParty>

```

10.2 Other key elements

10.2.1 Action code

The Action code holds instructions about the treatment of the Catalogue by the recipients system. The Action code can be stated either on header or line level. Please be aware that the below mentioned are codes, and hence the correct use of upper and lower case must be used. Example: Replace is valid, REPLACE is not valid.

Legal codes on Catalogue header level:

- Add – Used when a catalogue is sent for the first time to the Catalogue Receiver referring to the contract in the header of the catalogue.
- Replace – Replaces the entire catalogue referring to the contract. This is the default action.
- Update – Updates a current catalogue.
- Delete – deletes the entire catalogue

Example : `<cbc:ActionCode listID="ACTIONCODE:PEPPOL">Replace</cbc:ActionCode>`

Legal codes on Catalogue Line level:

- Add – Used to add items to the catalogue.
- Update – Used to update an item. The entire Catalogue Line is updated. Only used if Action code on header level is Update
- Delete – Used to delete an entire Catalogue line. Only used if Action code on header level is Update.

It is important to note that when updating or deleting on line level, the key identifier is the item ID (sellers item identification or standard item identification, see chapter 10.2.2.), not the line ID. If CatalogueLineReference is

used in the corresponding order message (outside scope of this BIS), the numbering of Line ID must be consistent in all versions of the catalogue.

Example:

```
<cbc:ActionCode listID="ACTIONCODE:BI12">Update</cbc:ActionCode>
```

10.2.2 Item identification

Item identification must be sent using the identifiers described below.

- Sellers item identification
- Standard item identification, e.g. GTIN
- Manufacturers item identification which is necessary when the same product is bought from several suppliers.

Either Sellers item identification or Standard item identification must be sent. Manufacturer's item identification shall be sent if available. Which identifier to use depends on what is known at the time of catalogue exchange or what is commonly used in the relevant business sector.

Example 1, Sellers item identification:

```
<cac:SellersItemIdentification>
  <cbc:ID>2451015</cbc:ID>
</cac:SellersItemIdentification>
```

Example 2, Standard item identification:

```
<cac:StandardItemIdentification>
  <cbc:ID schemeID="GTIN">05790000436040</cbc:ID>
</cac:StandardItemIdentification>
```

10.2.3 Hazardous item

If an item is classified as Hazardous item, a reference to the relevant UNDG-code must be stated and further specification must be provided in an attached document or on a web-site (URI).

Example:

```
<cac:HazardousItem>
  <cbc:UNDGCode listID="UNCL8273">3265</cbc:UNDGCode>
</cac:HazardousItem>
```

10.2.4 Item name and description

The Item name shall be sent in tag <Item/Name> on line level. It is the short description of an item commonly used in ERP-systems. An item name should make it possible for the user to distinguish between similar items. The Item name is often sent in the order from buyer to seller. The field length could be an agreement between parties, to make sure the supporting systems can handle the length.

<Item/Description> is used to provide additional relevant description of the item, in free text.

Example:

```
<cac:Item>
  <cbc:Description> Ballpoint pen, comes in different colours and tip sizes</cbc:Description>
  <cbc:PackQuantity unitCode="CT" unitCodeListID="UNECERec20">10</cbc:PackQuantity>
  <cbc:Name> Ballpoint pen. Blue colour 0.7 mm</cbc:Name>
</cac:Item>
```

10.2.5 Classification

An item may be classified according to UNSPSC being the mandatory public classification schemes in some countries/sectors. Products can also be classified according to regulatory schemes or classification schemes used in certain business sectors. The type of classification shall be stated in the attribute "listID". In some cases there is a need to add the name of the Item classification Code by using the attribute "name"

Example:

```
<cac:CommodityClassification>
  <cbc:ItemClassificationCode listID="UNSPSC">44121701</cbc:ItemClassificationCode>
</cac:CommodityClassification>
```

10.2.6 Keyword

Keywords are sent to let the Buyer search for an item without knowing the item identification or name. Keywords tag can be repeated (0..n), but the number should be limited to ensure correct handling in the receiving system.

It is also possible to send several keywords in the same tag, by using a separator between the different keywords. Which separator that should be used, must be agreed between the parties. Example of a separator can be the %-sign, as this is not used anywhere else.

Example of several keywords by using several <KeyWord>-tags:

```
<cac:Item>
  <cbc:Description>Day cream</cbc:Description>
  <cbc:PackQuantity unitCode="EA">50</cbc:PackQuantity>
  <cbc:Name>Ultimate Day cream, 250 ml</cbc:Name>
  <cbc:Keyword>Moisturizer</cbc:Keyword>
  <cbc:Keyword>Balm</cbc:Keyword>
  <cbc:Keyword>Lotion</cbc:Keyword>
  <cac:SellersItemIdentification>
    <cbc:ID>654321</cbc:ID>
  </cac:SellersItemIdentification>
</cac:Item>
```

Example of several keywords using "%" as separator:

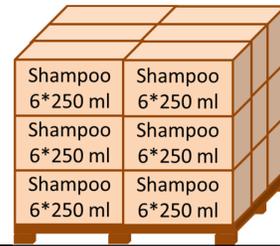
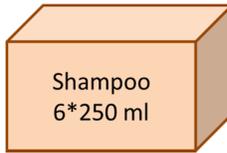
```
<cbc:Keyword>write equipment%felt pen</cbc:Keyword>
```

10.2.7 Quantities and units

The table below lists quantities and units in the format. To all quantities there must be a legal Unit according to the Code list. For xml-examples for quantities and units, we refer to appendix A, test files.

| Element /XPath | Description |
|--|---|
| /cac:CatalogueLine/cbc:OrderableUnit | Unit code for the line item. Mandatory if the item is orderable. Code according to Code list |
| /cac:CatalogueLine/cbc:ContentUnitQuantity | Quantity in consumable unit E.g. millilitre in bottle of shampoo. |
| /cac:CatalogueLine/cbc:OrderQuantityIncrementNumeric | Possible limitation to the number of articles that can be ordered. If the Quantity increment is 6 the |

| | |
|--|---|
| | article must be ordered in a quantity of 6, 12, 18 etc. |
| /cac:CatalogueLine/cbc:MinimumOrderQuantity | The smallest number of items that can be ordered (most often 1). |
| /cac:CatalogueLine/cbc:MaximumOrderQuantity | The largest number of items that can be ordered (most often not used). |
| /cac:CatalogueLine/cac:ItemComparison/cbc:Quantity | Quantity related to Price comparison. |
| /cac:CatalogueLine/cac:Item/cbc:PackQuantity | Number of items on next lower level, e.g. number of Consumer units in a Trading unit. |
| /cac:CatalogueLine/cac:Item/cbc:PackSizeNumeric | Number of Consumer units. E.g. number of bottles on a Pallet. |



| | 1 bottle | Case of 6 bottles | Pallet of 18 cases |
|--|----------------|---------------------|--------------------|
| Line identifier | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| Supplier Item identifier | 1111 | 111 | 11 |
| Item Name | Shampoo 250 ml | 6x250 ml Shampoo | Shampoo |
| Orderable unit | EA | CS | PF |
| Packaging level | CU | TU | DU |
| Packed units | | EA | CS |
| Packed quantity | | 6 | 18 |
| Consumable unit | EA | EA | EA |
| Consumable unit quantity | 1 | 6 | 108 |
| ItemNetQuantity | 250 | 1500 | 27000 |
| Unit | MLT | MLT | MLT |
| MinimumOrderQuantity | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Unit | EA | EA | EA |
| Component related item Identifier | | 1111 | 111 |
| Component related item quantity | | 6 | 18 |

| | Pack of 500 sheets paper | Case of 5 packs paper | Pallet of 18 cases coppaper |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Line identifier | 7 | 8 | 9 |
| Supplier Item identifier | A | AA | AAA |
| Item Name | 500 copy paper | 5*500 Copy paper | Pallet of paper |
| Orderable unit | EA | CS | PX |
| Packaging level | CU | TU | DU |
| Packed units | | EA | EA |
| Packed quantity | | 5 | 18 |
| Consumable unit | EA | EA | EA |
| Consumable unit quantity | 1 | 5 | 90 |
| ItemNetQuantity | 500 | 2500 | 45000 |
| Unit | EA | EA | EA |
| MinimumOrderQuantity | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Unit | EA | EA | EA |
| Component related item Identifier | | A | AA |
| Component related item quantity | | 5 | 18 |

10.2.8 Prices

All prices in the format are related to the article or service within this Catalogue identified by an item identification. The following prices can be stated:

- Net price including all discounts and charges but excluded VAT.
- Item comparison price defining price for a certain quantity. Used for comparing prices for different articles with various quantities.
- Conditional price related to a specific location, validity period or ordered quantity.
- Approximate price. The current price will be set on the order date. Commonly used for fruit, vegetables, fresh fish etc.

Example:

```
<cac:RequiredItemLocationQuantity>
  <cbc:LeadTimeMeasure unitCode="DAY">2</cbc:LeadTimeMeasure>
  <cac:Price>
    <cbc:PriceAmount currencyID="NOK">20.0000</cbc:PriceAmount>
  </cac:Price>
  <cac:DeliveryUnit>
    <cbc:BatchQuantity>1</cbc:BatchQuantity>
    <cbc:ConsumerUnitQuantity unitCode="EA" unitCodeListID="UNECERec20">1
    </cbc:ConsumerUnitQuantity>
  </cac:DeliveryUnit>
</cac:RequiredItemLocationQuantity>
```

10.2.8.1 Prices Types in SFTI (Denna del kan komma att ändras. Gäller placering av kvalificerare)

In Sweden, SFTI has specified different types of prices. This is how it's implemented in Svekatalog 2:

To declare that an item is contracted use:

Catalogue/cac:CatalogueLine/cac:Item/cac:TransactionConditions/cbc:ActionCode.

ActionCode="CT"

Example:

```
<cac:TransactionConditions>
  <cbc:ID>true</cbc:ID>
  <cbc:ActionCode>CT</cbc:ActionCode>
</cac:TransactionConditions>
```

To declare that the price may be changed since the last catalogue (Current price/Aktuellt pris). This may be the case for items where prices changes every day, i.e. vegetables and fresh fish, use:

Catalogue/cac:CatalogueLine/cac:RequiredItemLocationQuantity/cac:Price/cbc:PriceType.
PriceType="CP"

Example:

```
<cac:Price>
  <cbc:PriceAmount currencyID="SEK">124.88</cbc:PriceAmount>
  <cbc:PriceType>CP</cbc:PriceType>
</cac:Price>
```

To declare that a price is due to a campaign (commonly supplier's promotion during a limited period of time):

Catalogue/cac:CatalogueLine/cac:RequiredItemLocationQuantity/cac:Price/cbc:PriceType.
PriceType="PRP"

Example:

```
<cac:Price>
  <cbc:PriceAmount currencyID="SEK">110.00</cbc:PriceAmount>
  <cbc:PriceType>PRP</cbc:PriceType>
</cac:Price>
```

To declare that the price is discounted (supplier's list price – discount):

Catalogue/cac:CatalogueLine/cac:RequiredItemLocationQuantity/cac:Price/cbc:PriceType.
PriceType="DPR"

Example:

```
<cac:Price>
  <cbc:PriceAmount currencyID="SEK">120.88</cbc:PriceAmount>
  <cbc:PriceType>DPR</cbc:PriceType>
</cac:Price>
```

To declare that the price is **not** discounted (it's the supplier's list price):

Catalogue/cac:CatalogueLine/cac:RequiredItemLocationQuantity/cac:Price/cbc:PriceType.
PriceType="LIU"

Example:

```
<cac:Price>
  <cbc:PriceAmount currencyID="SEK">130</cbc:PriceAmount>
  <cbc:PriceType>LIU</cbc:PriceType>
</cac:Price>
```

To declare that the price is not defined and will be set when the item is manufactured:

Catalogue/cac:CatalogueLine/cac:RequiredItemLocationQuantity/cac:Price/cbc:PriceType.
PriceType="BAP"

Example:

```

<cac:Price>
  <cbc:PriceAmount currencyID="SEK">1.00</cbc:PriceAmount>
  <cbc:PriceType>BAP</cbc:PriceType>
</cac:Price>

```

A combination of these gives you different type of prices:

| Combination | Meaning |
|---|--|
| Contracted Item= true Price type not given | Kontraktspris. Contracted Item and contracted price |
| Contracted Item = true Price type = CP | Aktuellt pris, avtalat. Contracted Item but the price may change. |
| Contracted Item = false Price type = DPR | Rabatterat listpris. Discounted price. Note: changed compared to Svekatalog 1. |
| Contracted Item = false Price type = CP | Aktuellt pris, rabatterat. Discounted price but the price may change. |
| Contracted Item = false Pricetype = LIU | Listpris, Suppliers list price |
| Contracted Item = true Pricetype = PRP | Kampanjpris för avtalad artikel. Contracted Item and campaign price |
| Contracted Item = false Pricetype = PRP | Kampanj för ej avtalad artikel. Not contracted Item and campaign price |
| Contracted Item = false Pricetype = BAP | Pris ej satt, kundorderbaserad artikel. Price is not defined for items that will be manufactured to order. |

10.2.9 Lead time (ledtid) in SFTI

In PEPPOL BIS 1A Catalogue v4 you find lead time in the term

[Catalogue/cac:CatalogueLine/cac:RequiredItemLocationQuantity/cbc:LeadTimeMeasure](#) which defines the total time from order to delivery to the described location. This is not used in SFTI.

In SFTI another definition of lead time is used: Number of **days** before the item is ready to be delivered from the suppliers location; it is only used for items not in stock.

In Svekatalog 2 AdditionalItemProperty is used for this purpose where Name is "LeadTime_ReadyForDelivery_Days" and Value is the number of days:

Exempel

```

<cac:AdditionalItemProperty>
  <cbc:Name>LeadTime_ReadyForDelivery_Days</cbc:Name>
  <cbc:Value>4</cbc:Value>
</cac:AdditionalItemProperty>

```

10.2.10 Item labelling

Information about the items environmental, social, ethical and quality type of labelling.

Example:

```

<cac:Certificate>
  <cbc:ID>NEO</cbc:ID>
  <cbc:CertificateTypeCode>NA</cbc:CertificateTypeCode>
  <cbc:CertificateType>Environment</cbc:CertificateType>
  <cbc:Remarks languageID="no">Den nordiske Svanen</cbc:Remarks>
  <cac:IssuerParty>
    <cac:PartyName>
      <cbc:Name>Den Nordiske Svanen</cbc:Name>
    </cac:PartyName>
  </cac:IssuerParty>
  <cac:DocumentReference>
    <cbc:ID>BAL</cbc:ID>
  </cac:DocumentReference>
</cac:Certificate>

```

10.2.11 Related items

Items can be related to each other for ordering or logistic purposes. All related items must also be sent as separate Catalogue lines. Sellers article number is the only permitted type of article number.

Types of relations:

- Products that are bundled and ordered/invoiced together, e.g. bottles and deposits.
- Products that are connected in a product line or a logistics structure, e.g. consumer units and trading units of the same article.
- Accessories that might be sold together with a product, e.g. disk station to a laptop.

Example - The current item consists of 6 of Sellers article number 7690211, and 5 of article 523467:

```

<cac:ComponentRelatedItem>
  <cbc:ID>7690211</cbc:ID>
  <cbc:Quantity>6</cbc:Quantity>
</cac:ComponentRelatedItem>
<cac:ComponentRelatedItem>
  <cbc:ID>523467</cbc:ID>
  <cbc:Quantity>5</cbc:Quantity>
</cac:ComponentRelatedItem>

```

10.2.12 Logistics information

The Logistics elements can be used to specify different pack levels for the same item:

- Each pack level is regarded as a unique item and must be sent as a separate Catalogue line and identified with a unique identification such as GTIN.
- Information about pack level is done in the element PackLevelCode on line level. The Pack level codes are based on the Edifact/Eancom-standard and the following codes are available:
 - DU = Dispatch Unit
 - HN = Handling Unit (level between TU and DU).
 - TU = Traded Unit
 - CU = Consumer Unit
- It should be stated if the pack level is orderable.
- The relation between pack levels should be specified by using Component Related Item, e.g. that a Dispatch unit contains Traded units. For the higher level Packed Quantity should be used.

Example:

```
<cbc:PackLevelCode listID="GS17009:PEPPOL">TU</cbc:PackLevelCode>
```

10.2.13 Dimension

Physical properties are important for logistics. The following values can be stated:

- Height (HT)
- Width (WD)
- Length (LN)
- Weight (WT)
- Net Volume (AAX)

For some items it is important to inform about storage regulations. The following values can be stated:

- Temperature
- Humidity

Example:

```
<cac:Dimension>
  <cbc:AttributeID schemeID="UNCL6313">HT</cbc:AttributeID>
  <cbc:Measure unitCode="MMT">270</cbc:Measure>
</cac:Dimension>
<cac:Dimension>
  <cbc:AttributeID schemeID="UNCL6313">LN</cbc:AttributeID>
  <cbc:Measure unitCode="MMT">300</cbc:Measure>
</cac:Dimension>
```

10.2.14 Additional properties

Additional properties are meant for product properties that cannot be sent in any of the defined elements in this specification. Additional properties consist of the Name of the property and the actual Value.

Example of additional properties:

- Color
- Allergens.
Legal values: YES, NO, UNKNOWN, FREE.
- Nutrition.
Stated with amount per 100 g/ml.
- Genetically modified.
Legal values: True, False

```
<cac:AdditionalItemProperty>
  <cbc:Name>Color</cbc:Name>
  <cbc:Value>Red</cbc:Value>
  <cbc:ValueQualifier>Color</cbc:ValueQualifier>
</cac:AdditionalItemProperty>
```

10.2.15 Replaced item

Replaced item is used to identify an existing item being replaced by an item in this Catalogue.

```
<cac:ReplacedRelatedItem>
```

```
<cbc:ID>12345</cbc:ID>  
<cbc:Quantity unitCode="EA" unitCodeListID="UNECERec20">5</cbc:Quantity>  
</cac:ReplacedRelatedItem>
```

11 PEPPOL Identifiers

PEPPOL has defined a “Policy for Using Identifiers” [PEPPOL_Transp] that specifies how to use identifiers in both its transport infrastructure and within the documents exchanged across that infrastructure. It also introduces principles for any identifiers used in the PEPPOL environment. The following policies apply to this specification:

11.1 Party Identifiers

The “schemeID” attribute must be populated in all instances of the “ID” element when used within a “PartyIdentification”-container and in all instances of the “EndpointID” element when used within a “Party”-container.

Example of using GS1 GLN (Global Location Number) as PartyIdentification:

```
<cac:PartyIdentification>
  <cbc:ID schemeID="GLN">4035811991014</cbc:ID>
</cac:PartyIdentification>
```

11.1.1 Using Danish organization number as PartyIdentification

In Denmark parties often are identified by a company organization number. This can be used for all parties.

The following examples denotes that the Issuing Agency is DK:CVR in the PEPPOL set of Issuing Agency Codes. This means that the party has the Danish CVR identifier DK87654321.

Examples of usage in PartyIdentification and Endpoint ID:

```
<cbc:EndpointID schemeID="DK:CVR">DK87654321</cbc:EndpointID>

<cac:PartyIdentification>
  <cbc:ID schemeID="DK:CVR">DK87654321</cbc:ID>
</cac:PartyIdentification>
```

11.1.2 Using Swedish organization number as PartyIdentification

In Sweden parties often are identified by a company organization number. This can be used for all parties.

```
<cac:PartyIdentification>
  <cbc:ID schemeID="SE:ORGNR">5541277711</cbc:ID>
</cac:PartyIdentification>
```

11.1.3 Using Italian VAT number as PartyIdentification

In Italy parties often are identified by the VAT number. This can be used for all parties.

```
<cac:PartyIdentification>
  <cbc:ID schemeID="IT:VAT">IT01234567890</cbc:ID>
</cac:PartyIdentification>
```

11.2 Version ID

This specification is using the UBL 2.1 syntax. The namespace of the XML-message does only communicate the major version number. Since it is important for the receiver to also know what minor version of the syntax that is used, the element UBLVersionID must be stated with the value **2.1**:

```
<cbc:UBLVersionID>2.1</cbc:UBLVersionID>
```

11.3 Profile ID

The ProfileID identifies the process that the business document is part of. PEPPOL BIS uses the identification system according to BII. As SFTI implements only the Catalogue transaction and not the Catalogue Response, an SFTI-specific suffix has been added the profileID of BII to clearly separate the profiles.

The following process identifier is used for the transactions of this business document:

ProfileID: urn:www.cenbii.eu:profile:bii01:ver2.0#urn:www.sfti.se:svekatalog:ver2.0

For implementers: Please note that process identifiers in the document instance MUST correspond to the SMP process identifier.

11.4 Customization ID

The PEPPOL Customization ID identifies the specification of content and rules that apply to the transaction. This business document has required some minor additions and changes to the CEN BII transaction. Following the CEN BII methodology any extension must be communicated by adding an extension ID onto the Customization ID. The full syntax is:

```
<transactionId>:(restrictive|extended|partly):<extensionId>[(restrictive|extended|partly):<extensionId>].
```

Where:

- ▶ Transaction ID: urn:www.cenbii.eu:transaction:biitrns019:ver2.0
- ▶ Extension ID: urn:www.sfti.se:svekatalog:ver2.0

CustomizationID to use:

urn:www.cenbii.eu:transaction:biitrns019:ver2.0:extended:urn:www.sfti.se:svekatalog:ver2.0

Example of usage:

```
<cbc:CustomizationID>  
urn:www.cenbii.eu:transaction:biitrns019:ver2.0:extended:urn:www.sfti.se:svekatalog:ver2.0  
</cbc:CustomizationID>
```

For implementers: Please note that CustomizationID element in the document instance MUST correspond to the Customization ID of the SMP Document Identifier.

11.5 Namespaces

The target namespace for the UBL2.1 Catalogue is:

urn:oasis:names:specification:ubl:schema:xsd:Catalogue-2

1 XML Schema Guideline and information content

1.1 Catalogue message

| Occurrence | Element/Attribute | BII Business Term | Busine ss req. |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------|
| | Catalogue | | |
| 1 .. 1 | cbc:UBLVersionID | | |
| 1 .. 1 | cbc:CustomizationID | Customization identifier | tir19-002 |
| 1 .. 1 | cbc:ProfileID | Profile identifier | tir19-001 |
| 1 .. 1 | cbc:ID | Catalogue identifier | tir19-003 |
| 0 .. 1 | cbc:ActionCode | Catalogue action code | tir19-047 |
| 0 .. 1 | cbc:Name | Catalogue name | tir19-005 |
| 1 .. 1 | cbc:IssueDate | Catalogue issue date | tir19-006 |
| 0 .. 1 | cbc:VersionID | Catalogue version | tir19-004 |
| 1 .. 1 | cac:ValidityPeriod | | |
| 0 .. 1 | cbc:StartDate | Period start date | tir19-007 |
| 0 .. 1 | cbc:EndDate | Period end date | tir19-008 |
| 0 .. 1 | cac:ReferencedContract | | |
| 1 .. 1 | cbc:ID | Reference identifier | tir19-028 |
| 0 .. 1 | cbc:IssueDate | Contract Issue date | OP-T19-032 |
| 0 .. 1 | cbc:ContractType | Reference type | tir19-052 |
| 0 .. 1 | cac:SourceCatalogueReference | | |
| 1 .. 1 | cbc:ID | Source catalogue identifier | tir19-019 |
| 1 .. 1 | cac:ProviderParty | | |
| 0 .. 1 | cbc:EndpointID | Electronic address ID | tir19-009 |
| 0 .. 1 | cac:PartyIdentification | | |
| 1 .. 1 | cbc:ID | Party identifier | tir19-010 |
| 0 .. 1 | cac:PartyName | | |
| 1 .. 1 | cbc:Name | Party name | tir19-011 |
| 0 .. 1 | cac:PostalAddress | | |
| 0 .. 1 | cbc:StreetName | Address line 1 | OP-T19-029a |
| 0 .. 1 | cbc:AdditionalStreetName | Address line 2 | OP-T19-029b |
| 0 .. 1 | cbc:CityName | City | OP-T19-029c |
| 0 .. 1 | cbc:PostalZone | Post code | OP-T19-029d |
| 0 .. 1 | cbc:CountrySubentity | Country Subdivision | OP-T19-029e |
| 0 .. 1 | cac:Country | | |
| 0 .. 1 | cbc:IdentificationCode | Country code | OP-T19-029f |
| 0 .. unbounded | cac:PartyLegalEntity | | |
| 0 .. 1 | cbc:RegistrationName | Provider legal registration name | OP-T19-028b |
| 0 .. 1 | cbc:CompanyID | Provider legal registration identifier | OP-T19-028a |
| 0 .. 1 | cac:RegistrationAddress | | |
| 0 .. 1 | cbc:CityName | Provider legal registration city | OP-T19-028c |
| 0 .. 1 | cac:Country | | |
| 0 .. 1 | cbc:IdentificationCode | Provider legal registration country | OP-T19-028d |
| 1 .. 1 | cac:ReceiverParty | | |
| 0 .. 1 | cbc:EndpointID | Electronic address ID | tir19-012 |
| 0 .. 1 | cac:PartyIdentification | | |
| 1 .. 1 | cbc:ID | Party identifier | tir19-013 |
| 0 .. 1 | cac:PartyName | | |
| 1 .. 1 | cbc:Name | Party name | tir19-014 |
| 0 .. 1 | cac:PostalAddress | | |
| 0 .. 1 | cbc:StreetName | Address line 1 | OP-T19-031a |
| 0 .. 1 | cbc:AdditionalStreetName | Address line 2 | OP-T19-031b |
| 0 .. 1 | cbc:CityName | City | OP-T19-031c |
| 0 .. 1 | cbc:PostalZone | Post code | OP-T19-031d |
| 0 .. 1 | cbc:CountrySubentity | Country Subdivision | OP-T19-031e |
| 0 .. 1 | cac:Country | | |
| 0 .. 1 | cbc:IdentificationCode | Country code | OP-T19-031f |

| Occurrence | Element/Attribute | BII Business Term | Business req. |
|----------------|------------------------------------|--|---------------|
| 0 .. unbounded | cac:PartyLegalEntity | | |
| 0 .. 1 | -cbc:RegistrationName | Receiver legal registration name | OP-T19-030b |
| 0 .. 1 | -cbc:CompanyID | Receiver legal registration identifier | OP-T19-030a |
| 0 .. 1 | cac:RegistrationAddress | | |
| 0 .. 1 | -cbc:CityName | Receiver legal registration city | OP-T19-030c |
| 0 .. 1 | -cbc:Country | | |
| 0 .. 1 | -cbc:IdentificationCode | Receiver legal registration country | OP-T19-030d |
| 0 .. 1 | cac:SellerSupplierParty | | |
| 0 .. 1 | -cac:Party | | |
| 0 .. 1 | -cbc:EndpointID | Electronic address ID | tir19-015 |
| 0 .. 1 | -cac:PartyIdentification | | |
| 1 .. 1 | -cbc:ID | Party identifier | tir19-016 |
| 0 .. 1 | -cac:PartyName | | |
| 1 .. 1 | -cbc:Name | Party name | tir19-017 |
| 0 .. 1 | cac:PostalAddress | | |
| 0 .. 1 | -cbc:StreetName | Address line 1 | tir19-021 |
| 0 .. 1 | -cbc:AdditionalStreetName | Address line 2 | tir19-022 |
| 0 .. 1 | -cbc:CityName | City | tir19-023 |
| 0 .. 1 | -cbc:PostalZone | Post code | tir19-024 |
| 0 .. 1 | -cbc:CountrySubentity | Country subdivision | tir19-025 |
| 0 .. 1 | -cac:Country | | |
| 0 .. 1 | -cbc:IdentificationCode | Country code | tir19-026 |
| 0 .. 1 | cac:Contact | | |
| 0 .. 1 | -cbc:Name | Contact person name | tir19-027 |
| 0 .. 1 | -cbc:Telephone | Contact telephone number | tir19-030 |
| 0 .. 1 | -cbc:Telefax | Contact fax number | tir19-029 |
| 0 .. 1 | -cbc:ElectronicMail | Contact email address | tir19-031 |
| 0 .. 1 | cac:ContractorCustomerParty | | |
| 0 .. 1 | -cac:Party | | |
| 0 .. 1 | -cbc:EndpointID | Electronic address ID | tir19-054 |
| 0 .. 1 | -cac:PartyIdentification | | |
| 1 .. 1 | -cbc:ID | Party identifier | tir19-055 |
| 0 .. 1 | -cac:PartyName | | |
| 1 .. 1 | -cbc:Name | Party name | tir19-079 |
| 0 .. 1 | cac:Contact | | |
| 0 .. 1 | -cbc:ID | Contact ID | OP-T19-021 |
| 0 .. 1 | -cbc:Name | Contact person name | tir19-080 |
| 0 .. 1 | -cbc:Telephone | Contact telephone number | tir19-082 |
| 0 .. 1 | -cbc:Telefax | Contact fax number | tir19-081 |
| 0 .. 1 | -cbc:ElectronicMail | Contact email address | tir19-083 |
| 0 .. unbounded | cac:TradingTerms | | |
| 0 .. unbounded | -cbc:Information | General payment conditions | OP-T19-019 |
| 1 .. unbounded | cac:CatalogueLine | | |
| 1 .. 1 | -cbc:ID | Line identifier | tir19-032 |
| 0 .. 1 | -cbc:ActionCode | Line action code | tir19-033 |
| 0 .. 1 | -cbc:ContractSubdivision | Contract Subdivision | OP-T19-036 |
| 0 .. 1 | -cbc:OrderableIndicator | Orderable indicator | tir19-034 |
| 0 .. 1 | -cbc:OrderableUnit | Orderable unit | tir19-035 |
| 0 .. 1 | -cbc:ContentUnitQuantity | Item net quantity | tir19-061 |
| 0 .. 1 | -cbc:OrderQuantityIncrementNumeric | Order quantity increment | tir19-037 |
| 0 .. 1 | -cbc:MinimumOrderQuantity | Minimum order quantity | tir19-038 |
| 0 .. 1 | -cbc:MaximumOrderQuantity | Maximum order quantity | tir19-039 |
| 0 .. 1 | -cbc:WarrantyInformation | Line warranty information | tir19-040 |
| 0 .. 1 | -cbc:PackLevelCode | Packaging level | tir19-102 |
| 0 .. 1 | cac:LineValidityPeriod | | |

| Occurrence | Element/Attribute | BII Business Term | Business req. |
|----------------|--|-------------------------------|---------------|
| 0 .. 1 | cbc:StartDate | Period start date | tir19-041 |
| 0 .. 1 | cbc:EndDate | Period end date | tir19-042 |
| 0 .. unbounded | cac:ItemComparison | | |
| 0 .. 1 | cbc:PriceAmount | Standardized unit price | tir19-043 |
| 0 .. 1 | cbc:Quantity | Standard unit quantity | tir19-044 |
| 0 .. unbounded | cac:ComponentRelatedItem | | |
| 0 .. 1 | cbc:ID | Item identifier | tir19-045 |
| 0 .. 1 | cbc:Quantity | Item quantity | tir19-046 |
| 0 .. unbounded | cac:AccessoryRelatedItem | | |
| 0 .. 1 | cbc:ID | Item identifier | tir19-118 |
| 0 .. 1 | cbc:Quantity | Item quantity | tir19-119 |
| 0 .. unbounded | cac:RequiredRelatedItem | | |
| 0 .. 1 | cbc:ID | Item identifier | tir19-048 |
| 0 .. 1 | cbc:Quantity | Item quantity | tir19-049 |
| 0 .. unbounded | cac:ReplacedRelatedItem | | |
| 0 .. 1 | cbc:ID | Item identifier | tir19-120 |
| 0 .. 1 | cbc:Quantity | Item quantity | tir19-121 |
| 0 .. unbounded | cac:RequiredItemLocationQuantity | | |
| 0 .. 1 | cbc:LeadTimeMeasure | Price lead time | tir19-053 |
| 0 .. 1 | cbc:MinimumQuantity | Quantity threshold | OP-T19-025 |
| 0 .. 1 | cbc:MaximumQuantity | Quantity ceiling | OP-T19-026 |
| 0 .. unbounded | cac:ApplicableTerritoryAddress | | |
| 0 .. 1 | cbc:StreetName | Address line 1 | tir19-108 |
| 0 .. 1 | cbc:AdditionalStreetName | Address line 2 | tir19-109 |
| 0 .. 1 | cbc:CityName | City | tir19-060 |
| | | | tir19-110 |
| 0 .. 1 | cbc:PostalZone | Post code | tir19-111 |
| 0 .. 1 | cbc:CountrySubentity | Country subdivision | tir19-112 |
| | | | tir19-062 |
| 0 .. 1 | cac:Country | | |
| 0 .. 1 | cbc:IdentificationCode | Country code | tir19-063 |
| | | | tir19-113 |
| 0 .. 1 | cac:Price | | |
| 1 .. 1 | cbc:PriceAmount | Item price | tir19-051 |
| 0 .. 1 | cbc:BaseQuantity | Base Quantity | OP-T19-024 |
| 0 .. 1 | cbc:PriceType | Price type | tir19-093 |
| 0 .. 1 | cbc:OrderableUnitFactorRate | OrderableUnit FactorRate | OP-T19-035 |
| 0 .. unbounded | cac:ValidityPeriod | | |
| 0 .. 1 | cbc:StartDate | Period start date | tir19-056 |
| 0 .. 1 | cbc:EndDate | Period end date | tir19-057 |
| 1 .. 1 | cac:Item | | |
| 0 .. unbounded | cbc:Description | Item description | tir19-067 |
| 0 .. 1 | cbc:PackQuantity | Packed quantity | tir19-066 |
| | | | tir19-066 |
| 0 .. 1 | cbc:PackSizeNumeric | Consumable unit quantity | tir19-036 |
| 0 .. 1 | cbc:Name | Item name | tir19-078 |
| 0 .. unbounded | cbc:Keyword | Item key words | tir19-064 |
| 0 .. unbounded | cbc:BrandName | Brand name | OP-T19-018 |
| 0 .. 1 | cac: SellersItemIdentification | | |
| 1 .. 1 | cbc:ID | Sellers item identifier | tir19-091 |
| 0 .. 1 | cac:ManufacturersItemIdentification | | |
| 1 .. 1 | cbc:ID | Manufacturers item identifier | tir19-114 |
| 0 .. 1 | cac:StandardItemIdentification | | |
| 1 .. 1 | cbc:ID | Items standard identifier | tir19-092 |
| 0 .. unbounded | cac:ItemSpecificationDocumentReference | | |
| 1 .. 1 | cbc:ID | Attachment ID | tir19-095 |

| Occurrence | Element/Attribute | BII Business Term | Business req. |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|--|---------------|
| 0 .. 1 | cbc:DocumentTypeCode | Attachment ID | tir19-105 |
| 0 .. unbounded | cbc:DocumentDescription | External Item Specifications Type | tir19-086a |
| | | Attached document description | tir19-096 |
| | | Attached item description | tir19-106 |
| 0 .. 1 | cac:Attachment | | |
| 0 .. 1 | cbc: | Attached object | tir19-097 |
| | EmbeddedDocumentBinaryObject | Attached object | tir19-107 |
| 0 .. 1 | cac:ExternalReference | | |
| 0 .. 1 | cbc:URI | External item specifications | tir19-086 |
| 0 .. 1 | cac:OriginCountry | | |
| 0 .. 1 | cbc:IdentificationCode | Item origin country | tir19-071 |
| 0 .. unbounded | cac:CommodityClassification | | |
| 0 .. 1 | cbc:ItemClassificationCode | Commodity classification | tir19-069 |
| 0 .. unbounded | cac:TransactionConditions | | |
| 0 .. 1 | cbc:ID | Transaction conditions | OP-T19-027 |
| 0 .. 1 | cbc:ActionCode | | |
| 0 .. unbounded | cac:HazardousItem | | |
| 0 .. 1 | cbc:UNDGCode | Hazardous UNDG code | tir19-072 |
| 0 .. 1 | cbc:HazardClassID | Hazard class identifier | tir19-073 |
| 0 .. 1 | cac:ClassifiedTaxCategory | | |
| 0 .. 1 | cbc:ID | Item VAT category code | tir19-094 |
| 0 .. 1 | cbc:Percent | Item VAT percentage | tir19-050 |
| 1 .. 1 | cac:TaxScheme | | |
| 0 .. 1 | cbc:ID | TaxSchemeID | 1 |
| 0 .. unbounded | cac:AdditionalItemProperty | | |
| 1 .. 1 | cbc:Name | Property name | tir19-076 |
| | | Item expiry date | tir19-074 |
| 1 .. 1 | cbc:Value | Property value | tir19-077 |
| 0 .. 1 | cbc:ValueQuantity | Property unit of measure | tir19-070 |
| | | Minimum quantity guaranteed for delivery | OP-T19-020 |
| 0 .. unbounded | cbc:ValueQualifier | Property classification | tir19-103 |
| 0 .. 1 | cac:ManufacturerParty | | |
| 0 .. 1 | cac:PartyName | | |
| 1 .. 1 | cbc:Name | Manufacturer party name | tir19-075 |
| 0 .. unbounded | cac:ItemInstance | | |
| 0 .. 1 | cbc:BestBeforeDate | Item best before date | tir19-058 |
| 0 .. 1 | cac:LotIdentification | | |
| 0 .. 1 | cbc:LotNumberID | Item batch identifier | tir19-059 |
| 0 .. unbounded | cac:Certificate | | |
| 1 .. 1 | cbc:ID | Label name | tir19-087 |
| 1 .. 1 | cbc:CertificateTypeCode | | |
| 1 .. 1 | cbc:CertificateType | Label type | tir19-089 |
| 0 .. 1 | cbc:Remarks | Label value | tir19-088 |
| 1 .. 1 | cac:IssuerParty | | |
| 0 .. unbounded | cac:PartyName | | |
| 1 .. 1 | cbc:Name | | |
| 0 .. unbounded | cac:DocumentReference | | |
| 1 .. 1 | cbc:ID | Label reference | tir19-090 |
| 0 .. unbounded | cac:Dimension | | |
| 1 .. 1 | cbc:AttributeID | | tir19-104 |
| 0 .. 1 | cbc:Measure | Height | tir19-098 |
| | | Length | tir19-099 |
| | | Width | tir19-100 |
| | | Weight | tir19-101 |

| Occurrence | Element/Attribute | BII Business Term | Business req. |
|----------------|---|----------------------------------|---------------|
| 0 .. unbounded | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> —cbc:Description —cbc:MinimumMeasure —cbc:MaximumMeasure | Package Net weight approximately | OP-T19-037 |
| 0 .. 1 | | Package Net weight exact | OP-T19-017 |
| 0 .. 1 | | Package volume | OP-T19-016 |
| | | Dimension description | OP-T19-038 |
| | | Minimum storage temperature | tir19-115 |
| | | Minimum Storage Humidity | OP-T19-015 |
| | | Maximum storage temperature | tir19-116 |
| | | Maximum Storage Humidity | OP-T19-014 |

| Element/Attribute | Description | Usage/Rules/Code lists |
|----------------------------|--|--|
| Catalogue | Type CatalogueType | |
| cbc:UBLVersionID | Occurrence 1 .. 1 Type cbc:UBLVersionIDType XML Note 2.1 | |
| cbc:CustomizationID | Occurrence 1 .. 1 Type cbc:CustomizationIDType Info req.ID tir19-002 XML Note urn:www.cenbii.eu:transaction:biitrns019:ver2.0:extended:urn: www.sfti.se:svekatalog:ver2.0 | Term name Customization identifier BII Usage <i>Identifies the specification of content and rules that apply to the transaction.</i> Rules BII2-T19-R001 - A catalogue MUST have a customization identifier |
| cbc:ProfileID | Occurrence 1 .. 1 Type cbc:ProfileIDType Info req.ID tir19-001 XML Note urn:www.cenbii.eu:profile:bii01:ver2.0 #urn:www.sfti.se:svekatalog:ver2.0 | Term name Profile identifier BII Usage <i>Identifies the BII profile or business process context in which the transaction appears.</i> Rules BII2-T19-R002 - A catalogue MUST have a profile identifier |
| cbc:ID | Occurrence 1 .. 1 Type cbc:IDType Info req.ID tir19-003 Bus req.ID tbr19-0062 | Term name Catalogue identifier BII Usage <i>An catalogue instance must contain an identifier. The identifier enables positive referencing the document instance for various purposes including referencing between transactions that are part of the same process.</i> Rules BII2-T19-R004 - A catalogue MUST contain the catalogue document identifier |
| cbc:ActionCode | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cbc:ActionCodeType Info req.ID tir19-047 Bus req.ID tbr19-075 | Term name Catalogue action code BII Usage <i>Identifies how a received catalogue should be used against existing catalogue lines sent in previous catalogues, so that no discrepancies occur between the suppliers and customers information. Describes how to treat existing items, not part of the received catalogue and those that are included (unchanged, changed or deleted). Default action is to fully replace the source catalogue.</i> Rules OP-T19-007 - An action code at header level MUST be from the PEPPOL action code list |
| listID | Type xs:normalizedString Use required | Rules EUGEN-T19-R046 - A catalogue header action code MUST have a list identifier attribute "ACTIONCODE: PEPPOL" |

| Element/Attribute | Description | Usage/Rules/Code lists |
|-------------------------------|---|---|
| cbc>Name | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cbc:NameType Info req.ID tir19-005 Bus req.ID tbr19-0002 | Term name Catalogue name Bill Usage <i>A name of the catalogue for general reference. E.g. "Christmas catalogue"</i> |
| <i>languageID</i> | Type <i>xs:language</i> Use <i>optional</i> | Rules <i>OP-T19-012 - languageID MUST be coded using ISO code list 639-1</i> |
| cbc:IssueDate | Occurrence 1 .. 1 Type cbc:IssueDateType Info req.ID tir19-006 Bus req.ID tbr19-0062 | Term name Catalogue issue date Bill Usage <i>The date on which the catalogue instance was issued.</i> Rules BII2-T19-R003 - A catalogue MUST contain the date of issue |
| cbc:VersionID | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cbc:VersionIDType Info req.ID tir19-004 Bus req.ID tbr19-0001 | Term name Catalogue version Bill Usage <i>The version of the catalogue revision. The version ID is used to controll how a Catalogue transaction acts on existing lines that are not stated in the transactions. Should they be left alone or deleted. If Catalogue transaction is „Replace“ then action codes on the line have no relevance. All existing lines are deleted and the ones stated in the Catalogue transaction added. If Catalogue transaction is „Update“ then action codes on lines controll each line.</i> |
| cac:ValidityPeriod | Occurrence 1 .. 1 Type cac:PeriodType | Rules <i>BII2-T19-R006 - A validity period end date MUST be later or equal to a validity period start date if both validity period end date and validity period start date are present.</i> |
| cbc:StartDate | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cbc:StartDateType Info req.ID tir19-007 Bus req.ID tbr19-0003 | Term name Period start date Bill Usage <i>The date on which the period starts. The start dates counts as part of the period.</i> |
| cbc:EndDate | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cbc:EndDateType Info req.ID tir19-008 Bus req.ID tbr19-0003 | Term name Period end date Bill Usage <i>The date on which the period ends. The end date counts as part of the period.</i> Rules BII2-T19-R006 – A validity period end date MUST be later or equal to a validity period start date if both validity period end date and validity period start date are present |
| cac:ReferencedContract | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cac:ContractType | |



| Element/Attribute | Description | Usage/Rules/Code lists |
|------------------------------|--|--|
| cbc:ID | Occurrence 1 .. 1 Type cbc:IDType Info req.ID tir19-028 Bus req.ID tbr19-0006 | Term name Reference identifier BII Usage Positive identification of the reference such as a unique identifier. |
| cbc:IssueDate | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cbc:IssueDateType Info req.ID OP-T19-032 | Term name Contract Issue date BII Usage Issue date for referenced contract |
| cbc:ContractType | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cbc:ContractTypeType Info req.ID tir19-052 Bus req.ID tbr19-0006 | Term name Reference type BII Usage The short description of what is reference such as contract type, document type , meter etc. |
| cac:SourceCatalogueReference | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cac:CatalogueReferenceType | |
| cbc:ID | Occurrence 1 .. 1 Type cbc:IDType Info req.ID tir19-019 Bus req.ID tbr19-0062 | Term name Source catalogue identifier BII Usage Identifies the existing, already received catalogue that this message should be acted upon, so that no discrepancies occur between the suppliers and customers information. |
| schemeID | Type xs:normalizedString Use optional | |
| cac:ProviderParty | Occurrence 1 .. 1 Type cac:PartyType | Rules BII2-T19-R007 - The party providing the catalogue MUST be specified |
| cbc:EndpointID | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cbc:EndpointIDType Info req.ID tir19-009 Bus req.ID tbr19-0007 | Term name Electronic address ID BII Usage A catalogue may contain the providing party electronic address. The address can be of any format and the format should be identified in the message. |
| schemeID | Type xs:normalizedString Use required | Rules EUGEN-T19-R043 - An endpoint identifier MUST have a scheme identifier attribute |
| cac:PartyIdentification | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cac:PartyIdentificationType | Rules OP-T19-005 - An Endpoint Identifier Scheme MUST be from the list of PEPPOL Party Identifiers. |
| cbc:ID | Occurrence 1 .. 1 Type cbc:IDType Info req.ID tir19-010 Bus req.ID tbr19-0007 | Term name Party identifier BII Usage Use in the absence of or in addition to Party Name. Use an identifier known to the document recipient. |
| | | Rules BII2-T19-R010 - A catalogue provider MUST contain the full name or an identifier EUGEN-T19-R044 – A party identifier MUST have a scheme identifier attribute |



| Element/Attribute | Description | Usage/Rules/Code lists |
|---|---|--|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — <i>schemeID</i> | <i>Type</i> <i>xs:normalizedString</i> <i>Use</i> <i>required</i> | <i>Rules</i> <i>OP-T19-006 - An Party Identifier Scheme MUST be from the list of PEPOL Party Identifiers</i> |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — cac:PartyName | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type <i>cac:PartyNameType</i> | |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — cbc:Name | Occurrence 1 .. 1 Type <i>cbc:NameType</i> Info req.ID <i>tir19-011</i> Bus req.ID <i>tbr19-0007</i> | Term name Party name BII Usage <i>Use in the absence of or in addition to Party Identifier.</i> Rules <i>BII2-T19-R010 - A catalogue provider MUST contain the full name or an identifier</i> |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — cac:PostalAddress | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type <i>cac:AddressType</i> | |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — cbc:StreetName | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type <i>cbc:StreetNameType</i> Info req.ID <i>OP-T19-029a</i> | Term name Address line 1 BII Usage <i>The main address line in a postal address usually the street name and number.</i> |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — cbc:AdditionalStreetName | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type <i>cbc:AdditionalStreetNameType</i> Info req.ID <i>OP-T19-029b</i> | Term name Address line 2 BII Usage <i>An additional address line in a postal address that can be used to give further details supplementing the main line. Common use are secondary house number in a complex or in a building.</i> |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — cbc:CityName | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type <i>cbc:CityNameType</i> Info req.ID <i>OP-T19-029c</i> | Term name City BII Usage <i>The common name of the city where the postal address is. The name is written in full rather than as a code.</i> |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — cbc:PostalZone | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type <i>cbc:PostalZoneType</i> Info req.ID <i>OP-T19-029d</i> | Term name Post code BII Usage <i>The identifier for an addressable group of properties according to the relevant national postal service, such as a ZIP code or Post Code.</i> |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — cbc:CountrySubentity | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type <i>cbc:CountrySubentityType</i> Info req.ID <i>OP-T19-029e</i> | Term name Country Subdivision BII Usage <i>For specifying a region, county, state, province etc. within a country by using text.</i> |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — cac:Country | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type <i>cac:CountryType</i> | |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — cbc:IdentificationCode | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type <i>cbc:IdentificationCodeType</i> Info req.ID <i>OP-T19-029f</i> | Term name Country code BII Usage <i>The country where the address is. The country should always be given by using ISO code 3166 alpha 2</i> Rules <i>OP-T19-001 - Country codes in a catalogue MUST be coded using ISO code list 3166-1 alpha2</i> |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — <i>listID</i> | <i>Type</i> <i>xs:normalizedString</i> <i>Use</i> <i>required</i> | <i>Rules</i> <i>EUGEN-T19-R047 - A country identification code MUST have a list identifier attribute "ISO3166-1:Alpha2"</i> |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — cac:PartyLegalEntity | Occurrence 0 .. unbounded | |



| Element/Attribute | Description | Usage/Rules/Code lists |
|--------------------------------|--|---|
| cbc:RegistrationName | Type cac:PartyLegalEntityType Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cbc:RegistrationNameType Info req.ID OP-T19-028b | Term name Provider legal registration name Bill Usage <i>The name under which the provider is legally registered.</i> |
| cbc:CompanyID | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cbc:CompanyIDType Info req.ID OP-T19-028a | Term name Provider legal registration identifier Bill Usage <i>A catalogue may contain the identifier assigned to the party by the national company registrar.</i> |
| <i>schemeID</i> | Type <i>xs:normalizedString</i> Use <i>required</i> | Rules <i>OP-T19-013 - A Party Company Identifier Scheme MUST be from the list of PEPPOL Party Identifiers</i> |
| cac:RegistrationAddress | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cac:AddressType | |
| cbc:CityName | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cbc:CityNameType Info req.ID OP-T19-028c | Term name Provider legal registration city Bill Usage <i>The name of the city where the provider is legally registered.</i> |
| cac:Country | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cac:CountryType | |
| cbc:IdentificationCode | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cbc:IdentificationCodeType Info req.ID OP-T19-028d | Term name Provider legal registration country Bill Usage <i>The country in which the provider is legally registered.</i> Rules <i>OP-T19-001 - Country codes in a catalogue MUST be coded using ISO code list 3166-1 alpha2</i> |
| <i>listID</i> | Type <i>xs:normalizedString</i> Use <i>required</i> | Rules <i>EUGEN-T19-R047 - A country identification code MUST have a list identifier attribute "ISO3166-1:Alpha2"</i> |
| cac:ReceiverParty | Occurrence 1 .. 1 Type cac:PartyType | Rules <i>BI12-T19-R008 - The party receiving the catalogue MUST be specified</i> |
| cbc:EndpointID | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cbc:EndpointIDType Info req.ID tir19-012 Bus req.ID tbr19-0010 | Term name Electronic address ID Bill Usage <i>A catalogue may contain the receiving party electronic address. The address can be of any format and the format should be identified in the message.</i> Rules <i>EUGEN-T19-R043 - An endpoint identifier MUST have a scheme identifier attribute</i> |
| <i>schemeID</i> | Type <i>xs:normalizedString</i> Use <i>required</i> | Rules <i>OP-T19-005 - An Endpoint Identifier Scheme MUST be from the list of PEPPOL Party Identifiers.</i> |
| cac:PartyIdentification | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cac:PartyIdentificationType | |



| Element/Attribute | Description | Usage/Rules/Code lists |
|--------------------------|--|--|
| cbc:ID | Occurrence 1 .. 1 Type cbc:IDType Info req.ID tir19-013 Bus req.ID tbr19-0010 | Term name Party identifier BII Usage Use in the absence of or in addition to Party Name. Use an identifier known to the document recipient. Rules BII2-T19-R011 - A catalogue receiver MUST contain the full name or an identifier EUGEN-T19-R044 – A party identifier MUST have a scheme identifier attribute |
| schemeID | Type xs:normalizedString Use required | Rules OP-T19-006 - An Party Identifier Scheme MUST be from the list of PEPPOL Party Identifiers |
| cac:PartyName | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cac:PartyNameType | |
| cbc:Name | Occurrence 1 .. 1 Type cbc:NameType Info req.ID tir19-014 Bus req.ID tbr19-0010 | Term name Party name BII Usage Use in the absence of or in addition to Party Identifier. Rules BII2-T19-R011 - A catalogue receiver MUST contain the full name or an identifier |
| cac:PostalAddress | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cac:AddressType | |
| cbc:StreetName | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cbc:StreetNameType Info req.ID OP-T19-031a | Term name Address line 1 BII Usage The main address line in a postal address usually the street name and number. |
| cbc:AdditionalStreetName | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cbc:AdditionalStreetNameType Info req.ID OP-T19-031b | Term name Address line 2 BII Usage An additional address line in a postal address that can be used to give further details supplementing the main line. Common use are secondary house number in a complex or in a building. |
| cbc:CityName | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cbc:CityNameType Info req.ID OP-T19-031c | Term name City BII Usage The common name of the city where the postal address is. The name is written in full rather than as a code. |
| cbc:PostalZone | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cbc:PostalZoneType Info req.ID OP-T19-031d | Term name Post code BII Usage The identifier for an addressable group of properties according to the relevant national postal service, such as a ZIP code or Post Code. |
| cbc:CountrySubentity | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cbc:CountrySubentityType Info req.ID OP-T19-031e | Term name Country Subdivision BII Usage For specifying a region, county, state, province etc. within a country by using text. |
| cac:Country | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cac:CountryType | |



| Element/Attribute | Description | Usage/Rules/Code lists |
|-------------------------|--|--|
| cbc:IdentificationCode | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cbc:IdentificationCodeType Info req.ID OP-T19-031f | Term name Country code Bill Usage <i>The country where the address is. The country should always be given by using ISO code 3166 alpha 2</i> Rules OP-T19-001 - Country codes in a catalogue MUST be coded using ISO code list 3166-1 alpha2 |
| listID | Type xs:normalizedString Use required | Rules EUGEN-T19-R047 - A country identification code MUST have a list identifier attribute "ISO3166-1:Alpha2" |
| cac:PartyLegalEntity | Occurrence 0 .. unbounded Type cac:PartyLegalEntityType | |
| cbc:RegistrationName | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cbc:RegistrationNameType Info req.ID OP-T19-030b | Term name Receiver legal registration name Bill Usage <i>The name under which the receiver is legally registered.</i> |
| cbc:CompanyID | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cbc:CompanyIDType Info req.ID OP-T19-030a | Term name Receiver legal registration identifier Bill Usage <i>A catalogue may contain the identifier assigned to the party by the national company registrar.</i> |
| schemeID | Type xs:normalizedString Use required | Rules OP-T19-013 - A Party Company Identifier Scheme MUST be from the list of PEPPOL Party Identifiers |
| cac:RegistrationAddress | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cac:AddressType | |
| cbc:CityName | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cbc:CityNameType Info req.ID OP-T19-030c | Term name Receiver legal registration city Bill Usage <i>The name of the city where the receiver is legally registered.</i> |
| cac:Country | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cac:CountryType | |
| cbc:IdentificationCode | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cbc:IdentificationCodeType Info req.ID OP-T19-030d | Term name Receiver legal registration country Bill Usage <i>The country in which the receiver is legally registered.</i> Rules OP-T19-001 - Country codes in a catalogue MUST be coded using ISO code list 3166-1 alpha2 |
| listID | Type xs:normalizedString Use required | Rules EUGEN-T19-R047 - A country identification code MUST have a list identifier attribute "ISO3166-1:Alpha2" |
| cac:SellerSupplierParty | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cac:SupplierPartyType | Rules BII2-T19-R009 - A catalogue MUST have maximum one catalogue supplier |
| cac:Party | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cac:PartyType | |



| Element/Attribute | Description | Usage/Rules/Code lists |
|--------------------------|--|--|
| cbc:EndpointID | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cbc:EndpointIDType Info req.ID tir19-015 Bus req.ID tbr19-0066 | Term name Electronic address ID BII Usage <i>A catalogue may contain the reseller supplier party electronic address. The address can be of any format and the format should be identified in the message.</i> Rules EUGEN-T19-R043 - An endpoint identifier MUST have a scheme identifier attribute |
| schemeID | Type xs:normalizedString Use required | Rules OP-T19-005 - An Endpoint Identifier Scheme MUST be from the list of PEPPOL Party Identifiers. |
| cac:PartyIdentification | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cac:PartyIdentificationType | |
| cbc:ID | Occurrence 1 .. 1 Type cbc:IDType Info req.ID tir19-016 Bus req.ID tbr19-0066 | Term name Party identifier BII Usage <i>Use in the absence of or in addition to Party Name. Use an identifier known to the document recipient.</i> Rules BII2-T19-R012 - A catalogue supplier MUST contain the full name or an identifier EUGEN-T19-R044 – A party identifier MUST have a scheme identifier attribute |
| schemeID | Type xs:normalizedString Use required | Rules OP-T19-006 - An Party Identifier Scheme MUST be from the list of PEPPOL Party Identifiers |
| cac:PartyName | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cac:PartyNameType | |
| cbc:Name | Occurrence 1 .. 1 Type cbc:NameType Info req.ID tir19-017 Bus req.ID tbr19-0066 | Term name Party name BII Usage <i>Use in the absence of or in addition to Party Identifier.</i> Rules BII2-T19-R012 - A catalogue supplier MUST contain the full name or an identifier |
| cac:PostalAddress | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cac:AddressType | |
| cbc:StreetName | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cbc:StreetNameType Info req.ID tir19-021 Bus req.ID tbr19-0066 | Term name Address line 1 BII Usage <i>The main address line in a postal address usually the street name and number.</i> |
| cbc:AdditionalStreetName | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cbc:AdditionalStreetNameType Info req.ID tir19-022 Bus req.ID tbr19-0066 | Term name Address line 2 BII Usage <i>An additional address line in a postal address that can be used to give further details supplementing the main line. Common use are secondary house number in a complex or in a building.</i> |



| Element/Attribute | Description | Usage/Rules/Code lists |
|------------------------|--|--|
| cbc:CityName | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cbc:CityNameType Info req.ID tir19-023 Bus req.ID tbr19-0066 | Term name City Bill Usage The common name of the city where the postal address is. The name is written in full rather than as a code. |
| cbc:PostalZone | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cbc:PostalZoneType Info req.ID tir19-024 Bus req.ID tbr19-0066 | Term name Post code Bill Usage The identifier for an addressable group of properties according to the relevant national postal service, such as a ZIP code or Post Code. |
| cbc:CountrySubentity | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cbc:CountrySubentityType Info req.ID tir19-025 Bus req.ID tbr19-0066 | Term name Country subdivision Bill Usage For specifying a region, county, state, province etc. within a country by using text. |
| cac:Country | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cac:CountryType | |
| cbc:IdentificationCode | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cbc:IdentificationCodeType Info req.ID tir19-026 Bus req.ID tbr19-0066 | Term name Country code Bill Usage The country where the address is. The country should always be given by using ISO code 3166 alpha 2 Rules OP-T19-001 - Country codes in a catalogue MUST be coded using ISO code list 3166-1 alpha2 |
| listID | Type xs:noramlizedString Use required | Rules EUGEN-T19-R047 - A country identification code MUST have a list identifier attribute "ISO3166-1:Alpha2" |
| cac:Contact | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cac:ContactType | |
| cbc:Name | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cbc:NameType Info req.ID tir19-027 Bus req.ID tbr19-0066 | Term name Contact person name Bill Usage The name of the contact person. |
| cbc:Telephone | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cbc:TelephoneType Info req.ID tir19-030 Bus req.ID tbr19-0066 | Term name Contact telephone number Bill Usage A phone number for the contact person. If the person has a direct number, this is that number. |
| cbc:Telefax | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cbc:TelefaxType Info req.ID tir19-029 Bus req.ID tbr19-0066 | Term name Contact fax number Bill Usage A fax number for the contact persons. |



| Element/Attribute | Description | Usage/Rules/Code lists |
|-----------------------------|--|---|
| cbc:ElectronicMail | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cbc:ElectronicMailType Info req.ID tir19-031 Bus req.ID tbr19-0066 | Term name Contact email address Bill Usage <i>The e-mail address for the contact person. If the person has a direct e-mail this is that email.</i> |
| cac:ContractorCustomerParty | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cac:CustomerPartyType | |
| cac:Party | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cac:PartyType | |
| cbc:EndpointID | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cbc:EndpointIDType Info req.ID tir19-054 Bus req.ID tbr19-0067 | Term name Electronic address ID Bill Usage <i>A catalogue may contain the receiving party electronic address. The address can be of any format and the format should be identified in the message.</i> Rules EUGEN-T19-R043 - An endpoint identifier MUST have a scheme identifier attribute |
| schemeID | Type <i>xs:normalizedString</i> Use <i>required</i> | Rules <i>OP-T19-005 - An Endpoint Identifier Scheme MUST be from the list of PEPPOL Party Identifiers.</i> |
| cac:PartyIdentification | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cac:PartyIdentificationType | |
| cbc:ID | Occurrence 1 .. 1 Type cbc:IDType Info req.ID tir19-055 Bus req.ID tbr19-0067 | Term name Party identifier Bill Usage <i>Use in the absence of or in addition to Party Name. Use an identifier known to the document recipient.</i> Rules BII2-T19-R013 - A catalogue customer MUST contain the full name or an identifier EUGEN-T19-R044 – A party identifier MUST have a scheme identifier attribute |
| schemeID | Type <i>xs:normalizedString</i> Use <i>required</i> | Rules <i>OP-T19-006 - An Party Identifier Scheme MUST be from the list of PEPPOL Party Identifiers</i> |
| cac:PartyName | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cac:PartyNameType | |
| cbc:Name | Occurrence 1 .. 1 Type cbc:NameType Info req.ID tir19-079 Bus req.ID tbr19-0067 | Term name Party name Bill Usage <i>Use in the absence of or in addition to Party Identifier.</i> Rules BII2-T19-R013 - A catalogue customer MUST contain the full name or an identifier |
| cac:Contact | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cac:ContactType | |
| cbc:ID | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cbc:IDType Info req.ID OP-T19-021 | Term name Contact ID |



| Element/Attribute | Description | Usage/Rules/Code lists |
|--------------------|--|---|
| cbc:Name | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cbc:NameType Info req.ID tir19-080 Bus req.ID tbr19-0067 | Term name Contact person name BII Usage <i>The name of the contact person.</i> |
| cbc:Telephone | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cbc:TelephoneType Info req.ID tir19-082 Bus req.ID tbr19-0067 | Term name Contact telephone number BII Usage <i>A phone number for the contact person. If the person has a direct number, this is that number.</i> |
| cbc:Telefax | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cbc:TelefaxType Info req.ID tir19-081 Bus req.ID tbr19-0067 | Term name Contact fax number BII Usage <i>A fax number for the contact persons.</i> |
| cbc:ElectronicMail | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cbc:ElectronicMailType Info req.ID tir19-083 Bus req.ID tbr19-0067 | Term name Contact email address BII Usage <i>The e-mail address for the contact person. If the person has a direct e-mail this is that email.</i> |
| cac:TradingTerms | Occurrence 0 .. unbounded Type cac:TradingTermsType | |
| cbc:Information | Occurrence 0 .. unbounded Type cbc:InformationType Info req.ID OP-T19-019 | Term name General payment conditions |
| languageID | Type xs:language Use optional | Rules OP-T19-012 - languageID MUST be coded using ISO code list 639-1 |
| cac:CatalogueLine | Occurrence 1 .. unbounded Type cac:CatalogueLineType | Rules BII2-T19-R023 - A catalogue MUST have at least one catalogue line |
| cbc:ID | Occurrence 1 .. 1 Type cbc:IDType Info req.ID tir19-032 Bus req.ID tbr19-0063 | Term name Line identifier BII Usage <i>Each line must have an identifier that is unique within the document to make it possible to positively reference the line. For example, from other documents.</i> Rules BII2-T19-R024 - A catalogue line MUST contain a unique line identifier |



| Element/Attribute | Description | Usage/Rules/Code lists |
|-------------------------|--|---|
| cbc:ActionCode | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cbc:ActionCodeType Info req.ID tir19-033 Bus req.ID tbr19-0050 | Term name Line action code BII Usage Used to instruct the catalogue receiver on what action should be taken on the identified line when revising a catalogue. See rule on catalogue version ID. When using Update or Delete codes, the entire Catalogue Line is updated or deleted. Rules CL-T19-001 - The action code for a catalogue line MUST be Add, Update or Delete if present |
| listID | Type xs:normalizedString Use required | Rules EUGEN-T19-R045 - A catalogue line action code MUST have a list identifier attribute "ACTIONCODE:BII2" |
| cbc:ContractSubdivision | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cbc:ContractSubdivisionType Info req.ID OP-T19-036 | Term name Contract Subdivision BII Usage Used to reference a subsection of the contract referenced on header level but not recognized as a BII requirement. Removed. |
| cbc:OrderableIndicator | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cbc:OrderableIndicatorType Info req.ID tir19-034 Bus req.ID tbr19-0064 | Term name Orderable indicator BII Usage Default value is True i.e. Item on the Catalogue Line can be ordered. Can be used to indicate if an Item is temporarily out of stock (via a Catalogue Update). |
| cbc:OrderableUnit | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cbc:OrderableUnitType Info req.ID tir19-035 Bus req.ID tbr19-0042 | Term name Orderable unit BII Usage The unit in which the item described in this catalogue line can be ordered. The same item can be described in more than one catalogue line with different orderble units. E.g. catalogue line 1 describes item X that can be ordered in boxes at a given price. Line 2 may describe the same item X as orderable in pallets where the price is lower. Rules OP-T19-010 - Orderable unit code MUST be coded according to the UNECE Recommendation 20 |
| cbc:ContentUnitQuantity | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cbc:ContentUnitQuantityType Info req.ID tir19-061 Bus req.ID tbr19-023 | Term name Item net quantity BII Usage The net quantity of the item that is contained in each consumable unit, excluding any packaging materials. |
| unitCode | Type xs:normalizedString Use required | Rules OP-T19-002 - Unit code MUST be coded according to the UNECE Recommendation 20 |
| unitCodeListID | Type xs:normalizedString Use required | Rules EUGEN-T19-R048 - A unit code attribute MUST have a unit code list identifier attribute "UNECERec20" |



| Element/Attribute | Description | Usage/Rules/Code lists |
|--|---|---|
| cbc:OrderQuantityIncrementNumeric | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cbc:OrderQuantityIncrementNumericType Info req.ID tir19-037 Bus req.ID tbr19-0042 | Term name Order quantity increment BII Usage <i>The increment of Orderable units that can be ordered.</i> |
| cbc:MinimumOrderQuantity | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cbc:MinimumOrderQuantityType Info req.ID tir19-038 Bus req.ID tbr19-0042 | Term name Minimum order quantity BII Usage <i>The minimum number of orderable units that can be ordered according to details provided in the catalogue line, such as price.</i> Rules BII2-T19-R030 - Minimum quantity MUST be greater than zero |
| <i>unitCode</i> | Type <i>xs:normalizedString</i> Use <i>required</i> | Rules <i>OP-T19-002 - Unit code MUST be coded according to the UN/ECE Recommendation 20</i> |
| <i>unitCodeListID</i> | Type <i>xs:normalizedString</i> Use <i>required</i> | Rules <i>EUGEN-T19-R048 - A unit code attribute MUST have a unit code list identifier attribute "UNECERec20"</i> |
| cbc:MaximumOrderQuantity | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cbc:MaximumOrderQuantityType Info req.ID tir19-039 Bus req.ID tbr19-0042 | Term name Maximum order quantity BII Usage <i>The maximum number of orderable units that can be ordered according to details provided in the catalogue line, such as price.</i> Rules BII2-T19-R029 - Maximum quantity MUST be greater than zero BII2-T19-R031 - Maximum quantity MUST be greater or equal to the Minimum quantity |
| <i>unitCode</i> | Type <i>xs:normalizedString</i> Use <i>required</i> | Rules <i>OP-T19-002 - Unit code MUST be coded according to the UN/ECE Recommendation 20</i> |
| <i>unitCodeListID</i> | Type <i>xs:normalizedString</i> Use <i>required</i> | Rules <i>EUGEN-T19-R048 - A unit code attribute MUST have a unit code list identifier attribute "UNECERec20"</i> |
| cbc:WarrantyInformation | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cbc:WarrantyInformationType Info req.ID tir19-040 Bus req.ID tbr19-0047 | Term name Line warranty information BII Usage <i>Warranty information that applies to the catalogue line item.</i> |
| <i>languageID</i> | Type <i>xs:language</i> Use <i>optional</i> | Rules <i>OP-T19-012 - languageID MUST be coded using ISO code list 639-1</i> |
| cbc:PackLevelCode | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cbc:PackLevelCodeType Info req.ID tir19-102 Bus req.ID tbr19-0023 | Term name Packaging level BII Usage <i>The packing level of the catalogue line.</i> Rules OP-T19-008 - A package level code MUST be from the PEPPOL subset of GS1 7009 code list |
| <i>listID</i> | Type <i>xs:normalizedString</i> Use <i>required</i> | Rules <i>EUGEN-T19-R050 - A package level code MUST have a list identifier attribute "GS17009:PEPPOL"</i> |
| cac:LineValidityPeriod | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cac:PeriodType | Rules <i>BII2-T19-R017 - Catalogue line validity period MUST be within the range of the whole</i> |



| Element/Attribute | Description | Usage/Rules/Code lists |
|---------------------------------|---|--|
| cbc:StartDate | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cbc:StartDateType Info req.ID tir19-041 Bus req.ID tbr19-0041, tbr19-0043 | Term name <i>catalogue validity period</i> Period start date BII Usage <i>The date on which the period starts. The start dates counts as part of the period.</i> |
| cbc:EndDate | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cbc:EndDateType Info req.ID tir19-042 Bus req.ID tbr19-0041, tbr19-0043 | Term name Period end date BII Usage <i>The date on which the period ends. The end date counts as part of the period.</i> Rules BII2-T19-R006 – A validity period end date MUST be later or equal to a validity period start date if both validity period end date and validity period start date are present |
| cac:ItemComparison | Occurrence 0 .. unbounded Type cac:ItemComparisonType | |
| cbc:PriceAmount | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cbc:PriceAmountType Info req.ID tir19-043 Bus req.ID tbr19-0046 | Term name Standardized unit price BII Usage <i>The item price based on a standardized unit. E.g. Price of each liter. See guideline on Items and packing units in a catalogue.</i> |
| currencyID | Type <i>xs:normalizedString</i> Use <i>required</i> | Rules <i>OP-T19-011 - Currency ID MUST be coded using ISO code list 4217</i> |
| cbc:Quantity | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cbc:QuantityType Info req.ID tir19-044 Bus req.ID tbr19-0046 | Term name Standard unit quantity BII Usage <i>The quantity of standard units that are in each consumable unit. E.g. if consumable units are bottles and each bottle contains 0,333 liters the standard unit quantity is 0,333 See guideline on Items and packing units in a catalogue.</i> |
| unitCode | Type <i>xs:normalizedString</i> Use <i>required</i> | Rules <i>OP-T19-002 - Unit code MUST be coded according to the UN/ECE Recommendation 20</i> |
| unitCodeListID | Type <i>xs:normalizedString</i> Use <i>required</i> | Rules <i>EUGEN-T19-R048 - A unit code attribute MUST have a unit code list identifier attribute "UNECERec20"</i> |
| cac:ComponentRelatedItem | Occurrence 0 .. unbounded Type cac:RelatedItemType | |
| cbc:ID | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cbc:IDType Info req.ID tir19-045 Bus req.ID tbr19-0019, tbr19-0034 | Term name Item identifier BII Usage <i>The sellers identifier for the related item.</i> |
| cbc:Quantity | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cbc:QuantityType Info req.ID tir19-046 Bus req.ID tbr19-0019, tbr19-0034 | Term name Item quantity BII Usage <i>The quantity that applies to the relationship.</i> |



| Element/Attribute | Description | Usage/Rules/Code lists |
|---------------------------------|--|---|
| unitCode | Type Use <i>xs:normalizedString</i> required | Rules <i>OP-T19-002 - Unit code MUST be coded according to the UN/ECE Recommendation 20</i> |
| unitCodeListID | Type Use <i>xs:normalizedString</i> required | Rules <i>EUGEN-T19-R048 - A unit code attribute MUST have a unit code list identifier attribute "UNECERec20"</i> |
| cac:AccessoryRelatedItem | Occurrence Type 0 .. unbounded cac:RelatedItemType | |
| cbc:ID | Occurrence Type Info req.ID Bus req.ID 0 .. 1 cbc:IDType tir19-118 tbr19-073 | Term name BII Usage Item identifier <i>The sellers identifier for the related item.</i> |
| cbc:Quantity | Occurrence Type Info req.ID Bus req.ID 0 .. 1 cbc:QuantityType tir19-119 tbr19-073 | Term name BII Usage Item quantity <i>The quantity that applies to the relationship.</i> |
| unitCode | Type Use <i>xs:normalizedString</i> required | Rules <i>OP-T19-002 - Unit code MUST be coded according to the UN/ECE Recommendation 20</i> |
| unitCodeListID | Type Use <i>xs:normalizedString</i> required | Rules <i>EUGEN-T19-R048 - A unit code attribute MUST have a unit code list identifier attribute "UNECERec20"</i> |
| cac:RequiredRelatedItem | Occurrence Type 0 .. unbounded cac:RelatedItemType | |
| cbc:ID | Occurrence Type Info req.ID Bus req.ID 0 .. 1 cbc:IDType tir19-048 tbr19-0019, tbr19-0034 | Term name BII Usage Item identifier <i>The sellers identifier for the related item.</i> |
| cbc:Quantity | Occurrence Type Info req.ID Bus req.ID 0 .. 1 cbc:QuantityType tir19-049 tbr19-0019, tbr19-0034 | Term name BII Usage Item quantity <i>The quantity that applies to the relationship.</i> |
| unitCode | Type Use <i>xs:normalizedString</i> required | Rules <i>OP-T19-002 - Unit code MUST be coded according to the UN/ECE Recommendation 20</i> |
| unitCodeListID | Type Use <i>xs:normalizedString</i> required | Rules <i>EUGEN-T19-R048 - A unit code attribute MUST have a unit code list identifier attribute "UNECERec20"</i> |
| cac:ReplacedRelatedItem | Occurrence Type 0 .. unbounded cac:RelatedItemType | |
| cbc:ID | Occurrence Type Info req.ID Bus req.ID 0 .. 1 cbc:IDType tir19-120 tbr19-072 | Term name BII Usage Item identifier <i>The sellers identifier for the related item.</i> |

| Element/Attribute | Description | Usage/Rules/Code lists |
|----------------------------------|---|--|
| cbc:Quantity | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cbc:QuantityType Info req.ID tir19-121 Bus req.ID tbr19-072 | Term name Item quantity Bill Usage <i>The quantity that applies to the relationship.</i> |
| unitCode | Type xs:normalizedString Use required | Rules OP-T19-002 - Unit code MUST be coded according to the UN/ECE Recommendation 20 |
| unitCodeListID | Type xs:normalizedString Use required | Rules EUGEN-T19-R048 - A unit code attribute MUST have a unit code list identifier attribute "UNECERec20" |
| cac:RequiredItemLocationQuantity | Occurrence 0 .. unbounded Type cac:ItemLocationQuantityType | |
| cbc:LeadTimeMeasure | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cbc:LeadTimeMeasureType Info req.ID tir19-053 Bus req.ID tbr19-0034 | Term name Price lead time Bill Usage <i>The order lead time for the particular location.</i> |
| unitCode | Type xs:normalizedString Use required | Rules OP-T19-002 - Unit code MUST be coded according to the UN/ECE Recommendation 20 |
| cbc:MinimumQuantity | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cbc:MinimumQuantityType Info req.ID OP-T19-025 | Term name Quantity threshold |
| unitCode | Type xs:normalizedString Use required | Rules OP-T19-002 - Unit code MUST be coded according to the UN/ECE Recommendation 20 |
| unitCodeListID | Type xs:normalizedString Use required | Rules EUGEN-T19-R048 - A unit code attribute MUST have a unit code list identifier attribute "UNECERec20" |
| cbc:MaximumQuantity | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cbc:MaximumQuantityType Info req.ID OP-T19-026 | Term name Quantity ceiling |
| unitCode | Type xs:normalizedString Use required | Rules OP-T19-002 - Unit code MUST be coded according to the UN/ECE Recommendation 20 |
| unitCodeListID | Type xs:normalizedString Use required | Rules EUGEN-T19-R048 - A unit code attribute MUST have a unit code list identifier attribute "UNECERec20" |
| cac:ApplicableTerritoryAddress | Occurrence 0 .. unbounded Type cac:AddressType | |
| cbc:StreetName | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cbc:StreetNameType Info req.ID tir19-108 Bus req.ID tbr19-049 | Term name Address line 1 Bill Usage <i>The main address line in a postal address usually the street name and number.</i> |



| Element/Attribute | Description | Usage/Rules/Code lists |
|--------------------------|--|---|
| cbc:AdditionalStreetName | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cbc:AdditionalStreetNameType Info req.ID tir19-109 Bus req.ID tbr19-049 | Term name Address line 2 BII Usage <i>An additional address line in a postal address that can be used to give further details supplementing the main line. Common use are secondary house number in a complex or in a building.</i> |
| cbc:CityName | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cbc:CityNameType Info req.ID tir19-060 tir19-110 Bus req.ID tbr19-0034 tbr19-049 | Term name City BII Usage <i>The common name of the city where the postal address is. The name is written in full rather than as a code. The common name of the city where the postal address is. The name is written in full rather than as a code.</i> |
| cbc:PostalZone | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cbc:PostalZoneType Info req.ID tir19-111 Bus req.ID tbr19-049 | Term name Post code BII Usage <i>The identifier for an addressable group of properties according to the relevant national postal service, such as a ZIP code or Post Code.</i> |
| cbc:CountrySubentity | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cbc:CountrySubentityType Info req.ID tir19-112 tir19-062 Bus req.ID tbr19-049 tbr19-0034 | Term name Country subdivision BII Usage <i>For specifying a region, county, state, province etc. within a country by using text. For specifying a region, county, state, province etc. within a country by using text.</i> |
| cac:Country | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cac:CountryType | |
| cbc:IdentificationCode | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cbc:IdentificationCodeType Info req.ID tir19-063 tir19-113 Bus req.ID tbr19-0034 tbr19-049 | Term name Country code BII Usage <i>The country where the address is. The country should always be given by using ISO code 3166 alpha 2 The country where the address is. The country should always be given by using ISO code 3166 alpha 2</i> Rules OP-T19-001 - Country codes in a catalogue MUST be coded using ISO code list 3166-1 alpha2 |
| listID | Type xs:normalizedString Use required | Rules EUGEN-T19-R047 - A country identification code MUST have a list identifier attribute "ISO3166-1:Alpha2" |
| cac:Price | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cac:PriceType | |
| cbc:PriceAmount | Occurrence 1 .. 1 Type cbc:PriceAmountType Info req.ID tir19-051 Bus req.ID tbr19-0034 | Term name Item price BII Usage <i>The price for the item at the specified locations. The price is given for each orderable unit.</i> Rules BII2-T19-R015 - Prices of items MUST not be negative |
| currencyID | Type xs:normalizedString | Rules OP-T19-011 - Currency ID MUST be coded using ISO |



| Element/Attribute | Description | Usage/Rules/Code lists |
|------------------------------------|---|--|
| cbc:BaseQuantity | <i>Use</i> required Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cbc:BaseQuantityType Info req.ID OP-T19-024 | Term name code list 4217 Base Quantity |
| <i>unitCode</i> | Type <i>xs:normalizedString</i> <i>Use</i> required | Rules OP-T19-002 - Unit code MUST be coded according to the UNECE Recommendation 20 |
| <i>unitCodeListID</i> | Type <i>xs:normalizedString</i> <i>Use</i> required | Rules EUGEN-T19-R048 - A unit code attribute MUST have a unit code list identifier attribute "UNECERec20" |
| cbc:PriceType | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cbc:PriceTypeType Info req.ID tir19-093 Bus req.ID tbr19-034 | Term name Price type Bill Usage The type of the price so that the receiver knows if the price may be changed, is indicative. When prices are temporary the validity period for the price should be defined by stating the price validity period. |
| cbc:OrderableUnitFactorRate | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cbc:OrderableUnitFactorRateType Info req.ID OP-T19-035 | Term name OrderableUnit FactorRate Bill Usage The factor used to convert the Base Quantity to an Orderable Unit. Must be specified if the Orderable Unit differs from the Base Quantity. If not present, assumed value is 1 |
| cac:ValidityPeriod | Occurrence 0 .. unbounded Type cac:PeriodType | |
| cbc:StartDate | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cbc:StartDateType Info req.ID tir19-056 Bus req.ID tbr19-0048 | Term name Period start date Bill Usage The date on which the period starts. The start dates counts as part of the period. |
| cbc:EndDate | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cbc:EndDateType Info req.ID tir19-057 Bus req.ID tbr19-0048 | Term name Period end date Bill Usage The date on which the period ends. The end date counts as part of the period. Rules BII2-T19-R006 – A validity period end date MUST be later or equal to a validity period start date if both validity period end date and validity period start date are present |
| cac:Item | Occurrence 1 .. 1 Type cac:ItemType | |
| cbc:Description | Occurrence 0 .. unbounded Type cbc:DescriptionType Info req.ID tir19-067 Bus req.ID tbr19-0044 | Term name Item description Bill Usage A detailed description of the item. Use one description pr. language |
| <i>languageID</i> | Type <i>xs:language</i> <i>Use</i> optional | Rules OP-T19-012 - languageID MUST be coded using ISO code list 639-1 |



| Element/Attribute | Description | Usage/Rules/Code lists |
|--|---|--|
| cbc:PackQuantity | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cbc:PackQuantityType Info req.ID tir19-066 tir19-066 Bus req.ID tbr19-0023 | Term name Packed quantity BII Usage <i>The number of packed units that are in the orderable unit. E.g. if the orderable unit is a pallet that contains 30 boxes then the packed units are BOX and the packed quantity is 30.</i> |
| <i>unitCode</i> | Type <i>xs:normalizedString</i> Use <i>required</i> | Rules <i>OP-T19-002 - Unit code MUST be coded according to the UNECE Recommendation 20</i> |
| <i>unitCodeListID</i> | Type <i>xs:normalizedString</i> Use <i>required</i> | Rules <i>EUGEN-T19-R048 - A unit code attribute MUST have a unit code list identifier attribute "UNECERec20"</i> |
| cbc:PackSizeNumeric | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cbc:PackSizeNumericType Info req.ID tir19-036 Bus req.ID tbr19-0023 | Term name Consumable unit quantity BII Usage <i>Specifies the number of consumable units that are in each orderable unit. See guideline on Items and packing units in a catalogue.</i> |
| cbc:Name | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cbc:NameType Info req.ID tir19-078 Bus req.ID tbr19-0044 | Term name Item name BII Usage <i>A short name for an item.</i> Rules BII2-T19-R019 - An item in a catalogue line SHOULD have a name |
| <i>languageID</i> | Type <i>xs:language</i> Use <i>optional</i> | Rules <i>OP-T19-012 - languageID MUST be coded using ISO code list 639-1</i> |
| cbc:Keyword | Occurrence 0 .. unbounded Type cbc:KeywordType Info req.ID tir19-064 Bus req.ID tbr19-0045 | Term name Item key words BII Usage <i>Used to specify searchable keywords and/or synonyms for the Item. E.g. Item Name = Colgate or Total / Keyword =Toothpaste</i> |
| <i>languageID</i> | Type <i>xs:language</i> Use <i>optional</i> | Rules <i>OP-T19-012 - languageID MUST be coded using ISO code list 639-1</i> |
| cbc:BrandName | Occurrence 0 .. unbounded Type cbc:BrandNameType Info req.ID OP-T19-018 | Term name Brand name |
| cac:SellersItemIdentification | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cac:ItemIdentificationType | |
| cbc:ID | Occurrence 1 .. 1 Type cbc:IDType Info req.ID tir19-091 Bus req.ID tbr19-0040 | Term name Sellers item identifier BII Usage <i>The sellers identifier for the item.</i> |
| cac:ManufacturersItemIdentification | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cac:ItemIdentificationType | |

| Element/Attribute | Description | Usage/Rules/Code lists |
|---|--|---|
| cbc:ID | Occurrence 1 .. 1 Type cbc:IDType Info req.ID tir19-114 Bus req.ID tbr19-040 | Term name Manufacturers item identifier Bill Usage <i>The manufacturers identifier for the item.</i> |
| cac:StandardItemIdentification | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cac:ItemIdentificationType | |
| cbc:ID | Occurrence 1 .. 1 Type cbc:IDType Info req.ID tir19-092 Bus req.ID tbr19-0040 | Term name Items standard identifier Bill Usage <i>A item identifier based on a registered schema.</i> Rules BII2-T19-R020 - An item in a catalogue line MUST be uniquely identifiable by at least one of the following: Catalogue Provider identifier, Standard identifier |
| schemeID | Type <i>xs:normalizedString</i> Use <i>optional</i> | Rules <i>BII2-T19-R021 - Standard Identifiers SHOULD contain the Schema Identifier (e.g.GTIN)</i> |
| cac:ItemSpecificationDocumentReference | Occurrence 0 .. unbounded Type cac:DocumentReferenceType | |
| cbc:ID | Occurrence 1 .. 1 Type cbc:IDType Info req.ID tir19-095 Info req.ID tir19-105 Bus req.ID tbr19-0065 Bus req.ID tbr19-065 | Term name Attachment ID Attachment ID Bill Usage <i>A positive identification of the relevant document, such as an unique identifier.</i> <i>A positive identification of the relevant document, such as an unique identifier.</i> |
| cbc:DocumentTypeCode | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cbc:DocumentTypeCodeType Info req.ID tir19-086a | Term name External Item Specifications Type |
| listID | Type <i>xs:normalizedString</i> Use <i>optional</i> | Descr: Optional, may be used in national extensions. |
| cbc:DocumentDescription | Occurrence 0 .. unbounded Type cbc:DocumentDescriptionType Info req.ID tir19-096 Info req.ID tir19-106 Bus req.ID tbr19-0065 Bus req.ID tbr19-065 | Term name Attached document description Attached item description Bill Usage <i>A short description of the document type.</i> <i>A short description of the document type.</i> |
| languageID | Type <i>xs:language</i> Use <i>optional</i> | Rules <i>OP-T19-012 - languageID MUST be coded using ISO code list 639-1</i> |
| cac:Attachment | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cac:AttachmentType | |



| Element/Attribute | Description | Usage/Rules/Code lists |
|---------------------------|---|---|
| cbc:ID | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cbc:IDType Info req.ID OP-T19-027 | Term name Transaction conditions |
| cbc:ActionCode | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cbc:ActionCodeType | |
| listID | Type xs:normalizedString Use optional | Descr: Optional, may be used in national extensions. |
| cac:HazardousItem | Occurrence 0 .. unbounded Type cac:HazardousItem | |
| cbc:UNDGCode | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cbc:UNDGCodeType Info req.ID tir19-072 Bus req.ID tbr19-0029 | Term name Hazardous UNDG code Bill Usage Provides detail of the classification and nature of a hazardous item. Rules OP-T19-003 - UNDG MUST be coded according to the UN EDIFACT 8273 code list EUGEN-T19-R051 - A UNDG code MUST have a list identifier attribute "UNCL8273" |
| listID | Type xs:normalizedString Use required | Rules EUGEN-T19-R051 - A UNDG code MUST have a list identifier attribute "UNCL8273" |
| cbc:HazardClassID | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cbc:HazardClassIDType Info req.ID tir19-073 Bus req.ID tbr19-0029 | Term name Hazard class identifier Bill Usage Provides detail of the classification and nature of a hazardous item. |
| cac:ClassifiedTaxCategory | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cac:TaxCategoryType | |
| cbc:ID | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cbc:IDType Info req.ID tir19-094 Bus req.ID tbr19-0049 | Term name Item VAT category code Bill Usage The VAT code that indicates what VAT details apply to the item. Rules CL-T19-004 - Tax categories MUST be coded using UN/ECE 5305 code list |
| schemeID | Type xs:normalizedString Use required | Rules EUGEN-T19-R049 - A classified tax category identifier MUST have a scheme identifier attribute "UNCL5305" |
| cbc:Percent | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cbc:PercentType Info req.ID tir19-050 Bus req.ID tbr19-034 | Term name Item VAT percentage Bill Usage The VAT percentage rate that applies to the item unless specific trade reasons apply such as exemptions. |
| cac:TaxScheme | Occurrence 1 .. 1 Type cac:TaxSchemeType | |



| Element/Attribute | Description | Usage/Rules/Code lists | |
|----------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|---|
| cbc:ID | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cbc:IDType Info req.ID 1 | Term name | TaxSchemeID |
| cac:AdditionalItemProperty | Occurrence 0 .. unbounded Type cac:ItemPropertyType | | |
| cbc:Name | Occurrence 1 .. 1 Type cbc:NameType Info req.ID tir19-076 tir19-074 Bus req.ID tbr19-0038 tbr19-068 | Term name Bill Usage | Property name Item expiry date <i>The name of the property. The name must be sufficiently descriptive to define the value. The definition may be supplemented with the property unit of measure when relevant.</i> <i>E.g. Size, Color, Year.</i> <i>Used to express the expiry date of the item or items in the line instance.</i> |
| languageID | Type xs:language Use optional | Rules | OP-T19-012 - languageID MUST be coded using ISO code list 639-1 |
| cbc:Value | Occurrence 1 .. 1 Type cbc:ValueType Info req.ID tir19-077 Bus req.ID tbr19-0038, tbr19-0039 | Term name Bill Usage | Property value <i>The value of the item property.</i> <i>E.g. XXL, Blue, 2007.</i> |
| languageID | Type xs:language Use optional | Rules | OP-T19-012 - languageID MUST be coded using ISO code list 639-1 |
| cbc:ValueQuantity | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cbc:ValueQuantityType Info req.ID tir19-070 OP-T19-020 Bus req.ID tbr19-042 | Term name Bill Usage | Property unit of measure Minimum quantity guaranteed for delivery <i>The unit of measure in which the property value is stated, if relevant. May not be relevant when properties are descriptive.</i> |
| unitCode | Type xs:normalizedString Use required | Rules | OP-T19-002 - Unit code MUST be coded according to the UNECE Recommendation 20 |
| unitCodeListID | Type xs:normalizedString Use required | Rules | EUGEN-T19-R048 - A unit code attribute MUST have a unit code list identifier attribute "UNECERec20" |
| cbc:ValueQualifier | Occurrence 0 .. unbounded Type cbc:ValueQualifierType Info req.ID tir19-103 Bus req.ID tbr19-0037 | Term name Bill Usage | Property classification <i>Standardized and predefined classification of items properties.</i> |
| cac:ManufacturerParty | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cac:PartyType | | |
| cac:PartyName | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cac:PartyNameType | | |



| Element/Attribute | Description | Usage/Rules/Code lists |
|-------------------------|---|--|
| cbc:Name | Occurrence 1 .. 1 Type cbc:NameType Info req.ID tir19-075 Bus req.ID tbr19-0033 | Term name Manufacturer party name BII Usage <i>The name of the manufacturer of the item</i> |
| cac:ItemInstance | Occurrence 0 .. unbounded Type cac:ItemInstanceType | |
| cbc:BestBeforeDate | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cbc:BestBeforeDateType Info req.ID tir19-058 Bus req.ID tbr19-068 | Term name Item best before date BII Usage <i>Used to express the best before date of the item or items in the line instance.</i> |
| cac:LotIdentification | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cac:LotIdentificationType | |
| cbc:LotNumberID | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cbc:LotNumberIDType Info req.ID tir19-059 Bus req.ID tbr19-069 | Term name Item batch identifier BII Usage <i>Identifies the production batch that the item(s) listed in the catalogue line were part of.</i> |
| cac:Certificate | Occurrence 0 .. unbounded Type cac:CertificateType | |
| cbc:ID | Occurrence 1 .. 1 Type cbc:IDType Info req.ID tir19-087 Bus req.ID tbr19-0035 | Term name Label name BII Usage <i>The name of the product label.</i> |
| schemeID | Type <i>xs:normalizedString</i> Use <i>optional</i> | Descr: Optional, may be used in national extensions. |
| cbc:CertificateTypeCode | Occurrence 1 .. 1 Type cbc:CertificateTypeCodeType | |
| cbc:CertificateType | Occurrence 1 .. 1 Type cbc:CertificateTypeType Info req.ID tir19-089 Bus req.ID tbr19-0035 | Term name Label type BII Usage <i>The label type such environmental, quality, social etc.</i> |
| cbc:Remarks | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cbc:RemarksType Info req.ID tir19-088 Bus req.ID tbr19-0035 | Term name Label value BII Usage <i>The lable value that applies to the item.</i> |
| languageID | Type <i>xs:language</i> Use <i>optional</i> | Rules <i>OP-T19-012 - languageID MUST be coded using ISO code list 639-1</i> |
| cac:IssuerParty | Occurrence 1 .. 1 Type cac:PartyType | |



| Element/Attribute | Description | Usage/Rules/Code lists |
|------------------------------|--|---|
| cac:PartyName | Occurrence 0 .. unbounded Type cac:PartyNameType | |
| cbc:Name | Occurrence 1 .. 1 Type cbc:NameType | |
| cac:DocumentReference | Occurrence 0 .. unbounded Type cac:DocumentReferenceType | |
| cbc:ID | Occurrence 1 .. 1 Type cbc:IDType Info req.ID tir19-090 Bus req.ID tbr19-0035 | Term name Label reference Bill Usage A reference to where the label specification can be found, e.g. a URI. |
| cac:Dimension | Occurrence 0 .. unbounded Type cac:DimensionType | |
| cbc:AttributeID | Occurrence 1 .. 1 Type cbc:AttributeIDType Info req.ID tir19-104 Bus req.ID tbr19-0030 | Bill Usage Description of requirements that relate to the transport of the item itself or the orderable unit in which it is contained. Rules OP-T19-009 - An attribute identifier MUST be from the UN EDIFACT 6313 code list. |
| schemeID | Type xs:normalizedString Use required | Rules EUGEN-T19-R053 - An attribute identifier MUST have an scheme identifier "UNCL6313" |
| cbc:Measure | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cbc:MeasureType Info req.ID tir19-098 tir19-099 tir19-100 tir19-101 OP-T19-037 OP-T19-017 OP-T19-016 Bus req.ID tbr19-0023 tbr19-0023 tbr19-0023 tbr19-0023 | Term name Height Length Width Weight Package Net weight approximately Package Net weight exact Package volume Bill Usage The vertical height of the orderable unit. The horizontal measure of the longer side of the orderable unit The horizontal measure of the shorter side of the orderable unit. The weight of the orderable unit including its packaging. |
| unitCode | Type xs:normalizedString Use required | Rules OP-T19-002 - Unit code MUST be coded according to the UN/ECE Recommendation 20 |
| cbc:Description | Occurrence 0 .. unbounded Type cbc:DescriptionType Info req.ID OP-T19-038 | Term name Dimension description Bill Usage Used for differentiating between measures with same attributeID |
| languageID | Type xs:language Use optional | Rules OP-T19-012 - languageID MUST be coded using ISO code list 639-1 |



| Element/Attribute | Description | Usage/Rules/Code lists |
|---------------------------|---|---|
| cbc:MinimumMeasure | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cbc:MinimumMeasureType Info req.ID tir19-115 OP-T19-015 Bus req.ID tbr19-030 | Term name Minimum storage temperature Minimum Storage Humidity BII Usage <i>The lower margin of the recommended storage temperature range for the item.</i> |
| <i>unitCode</i> | Type <i>xs:normalizedString</i> Use <i>required</i> | Rules <i>OP-T19-002 - Unit code MUST be coded according to the UN/ECE Recommendation 20</i> |
| cbc:MaximumMeasure | Occurrence 0 .. 1 Type cbc:MaximumMeasureType Info req.ID tir19-116 OP-T19-014 Bus req.ID tbr19-030 | Term name Maximum storage temperature Maximum Storage Humidity BII Usage <i>The upper margin of the recommended storage temperature range for the item.</i> |
| <i>unitCode</i> | Type <i>xs:normalizedString</i> Use <i>required</i> | Rules <i>OP-T19-002 - Unit code MUST be coded according to the UN/ECE Recommendation 20</i> |